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THIRD INVESTOR CONFERENCE

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# Finance at Telefónica: for us, WACC means We Are Careful with Capital



#### **Contents**

- 1. Managing for Cash-Flows: Generation and Distribution.
- 2. Our 3-D Balance Sheet: Assets, Liabilities, Risks.
- 3. Conclusions.



#### 1. Managing For Cash-flows

#### 1.1 GENERATION

- FCF Generation
- Regional Sources

#### 1.2 DISTRIBUTION RATIONALE

FIRM COMMITMENTS



Shareholder Remuneration

Solvency Protection

STRATEGIC FLEXIBILITY



Business Expansion

Financial Flexibility



#### A Strong Cash Flow For The Period 2003-2006...

## OPERATING FREE CASH FLOW\*

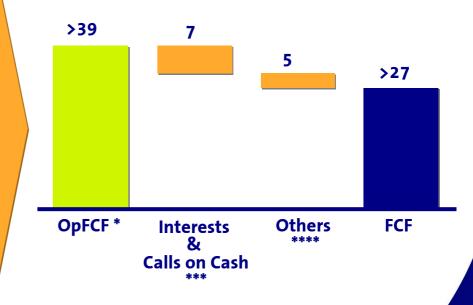
- Client focus & commercial excellence to drive top line growth
- Build-up of a cost efficient model
- Optimizing Capex for lower capital intensity

# NON-OPERATING OUTFLOWS

- Financial expenses
- Cash Taxes
- Minorities
- Working capital
- Calls on cash flow

# FREE CASH FLOW GENERATION 2003-2006 \*\*

(€ Bn., 2002 constant exchange rates)





<sup>\*</sup> EBITDA-CAPEX

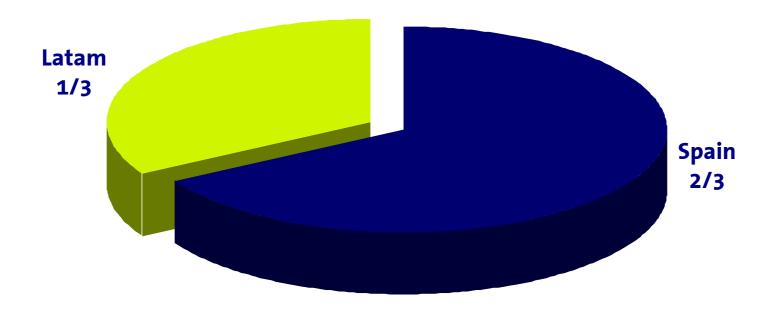
<sup>\*\*</sup> Before Financial Investments. Excluding forex and changes in consolidation

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Assuming limited debt reduction

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Cash Taxes, Minorities and Working Capital

#### ...Which Is Well Balanced By Geographies





- > Spain more than covers our 03-06 firm commitments.
- We have proven our active management of Latam exposure.



#### Our Rationale For 2003-2006 Cash-flows Distribution

TO FULLY DELIVER
ON OUR FIRM
COMMITMENTS

1. SHAREHOLDER REMUNERATION

2. SOLVENCY PROTECTION FOR A
"SINGLE A" RATING

ON-GOING RECIRCULATION

3. BUSINESS LONG TERM EXPANSION

4. FINANCIAL FLEXIBILITY

#### **Cash Flow generation is:**

- Contingent upon fulfilment of Strategic Plan, sensitive to:
  - Business risks and opportunities: Demand, costs, competition, capex needs.
  - Financial markets developments: cost of capital.
  - Major technological changes and business opportunities.
- Sensitive to changes in Exchanges Rates.

FIRM COMMITMENTS AND SIZE ALLOCATIONS FOR THE USE OF CASH-FLOW MUST BE BALANCED AGAINST THESE ITEMS.

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#### Our Track Record Shows We Are Delivering On All Four Priorities

## SHAREHOLDER REMUNERATION

- Cash dividends
- Share buy-backs



- 0.4€ per share until 2006
- 101 Million shares cancelled in 2003

# SOLVENCY PROTECTION FOR "SINGLE A" RATING

- Debt reduction
- Notional funding of non-debt commitments



- 9 Billion € debt reduction since 2001
- Targeting pre-retirees and Redundancy Program

#### BUSINESS LONG TERM EXPANSION

- Add-on acquisitions
- Minority buy-outs
- Capex acceleration



- TCO in Brazil
- Terra Lycos tender offer
- Capex acceleration in Mexico

### FINANCIAL FLEXIBILITY

• 2002 devaluations drained 1.3 Bn.€ of OpFCF \*



- Crisis management
- Liquidity reserve
- Debt savings due to Fx

\* EBITDA-CAPEX



#### Our Approach To The Destination Of 03-06 Cash-flows (I)

#### WE HAVE FIRM COMMITMENTS IN EXCESS OF € 15 Bn

SHAREHOLDER REMUNERATION

≅ **7.4** Bn.€

- Cash dividends.
- Share buy-backs.



- 1.2 Bn.€ to be paid in 2003.
- 2 Bn.€ a year from 2004 to 2006.
- 200 Million € executed in 1H03.

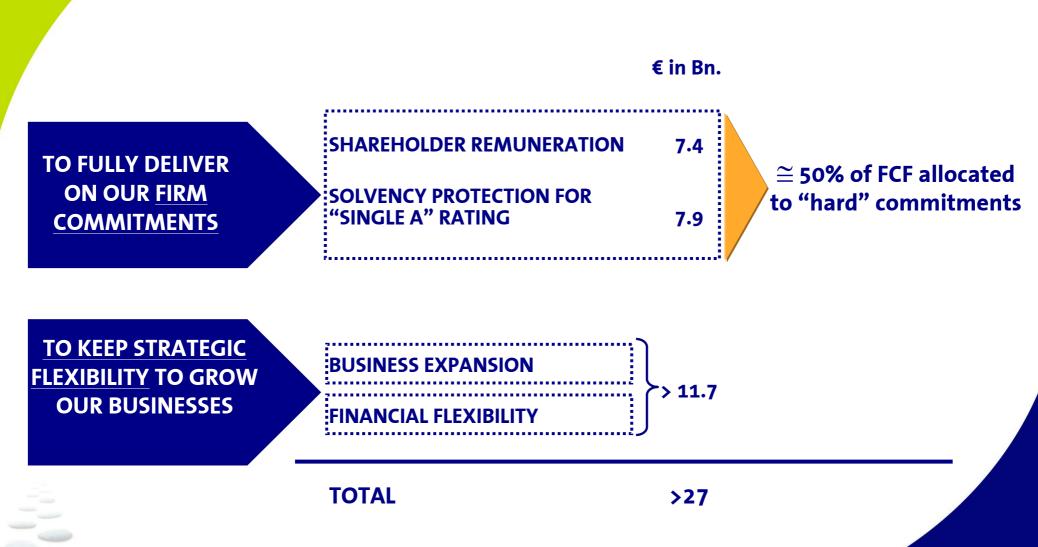
SOLVENCY
PROTECTION FOR
SINGLE A RATING \*

≅ 7.9 Bn.€

- We have cash commitments for 7.9 Billion€:
  - ✓ Gross NPV 98 Redundancy Program of 3.5 Bn.€
  - ✓ Guarantees of 0.8 Bn.€
  - ✓ Gross NPV of Expected 03 Redundancy Program of 3.6 Bn.€
- ... Fully funding NPV of cash commitments would leave (net debt + cash commitments)/ EBITDA in the 1.4x-1.7x region in 2006



#### Our Approach To The Destination Of 03-06 Cash-flows (II)



#### Our Approach To The Destination Of 03-06 Cash-flows (III)

# KEEPING STRATEGIC FLEXIBILITY ABOVE 11.5 Bn.€ TO ACCOMMODATE

SELECTIVE BUSINESS EXPANSION BASED ON

**AND** 

FINANCIAL FLEXIBILITY COULD PROVIDE ROOM FOR eg:





 Target selection based on cash flow generation capabilities.



A 50% value loss of Latam currencies

#### plus

 A 10% drop of average 04-06 Non-Latam EBITDA below its 2003 level.



#### 2. Our 3-d Balance Sheet

# THREE DIMENSIONS

2.1 ASSETS

**D**iscount Rates

2.2 LIABILITIES

**D**ebt Management

**2.3 RISKS** 

**D**erivatives Management

#### **ASSETS**

- Help establish required rates of return for new investments, both for equity and debt.
- Follow WACC parameters in the industry and take them into account.

#### **LIABILITIES**

- Rating Target.
- Debt Size and Repayment period.
- Maturity, Currency.
- **RISKS**
- Currency Risk.
- Sovereign Risk.
- Refinancing Risk.
- Maturity, Currency.



#### 2.1 Assets

- Creating value for shareholders means investing in businesses/projects with expected returns higher than WACCs.
- → We provide a consistent framework for project evaluation and return assessment setting WACC parameters by business and region.
- → We can contribute to value creation with balance sheet management by bringing WACCs lower:
  - Leveraging to bring WACC lower within the A rating constraint.
  - Extracting diversification benefits from financial exposures to help bring risk premia lower.



#### 2.2 Liabilities

#### RATING TARGET: COMFORTABLE SINGLE A TO CREATE VALUE

- Creating Shareholder Value via Leverage:
  - Lower cost of funds means lower WACC.
  - Sensible Leverage ratios ensure sustainability.
- Creating Shareholder Value via Availability of Funds:
  - A comfortable single A rating ensures smooth and timely access to capital markets.
  - Business opportunities not to be constrained by lack or cost of financing.
- Creating Shareholder Value via Crisis Protection:
  - Crisis costs not always reflected in WACC.
  - Crisis hit unexpectedly, widen credit spreads or require highly dilutive right issues.
  - Legal, Advisory and Financing Fees are not negligible.
- Creating Shareholder Value via Financial Discipline:
  - Fundamental Assessment of Solvency.
  - Stable benchmarking of projects and acquisitions.

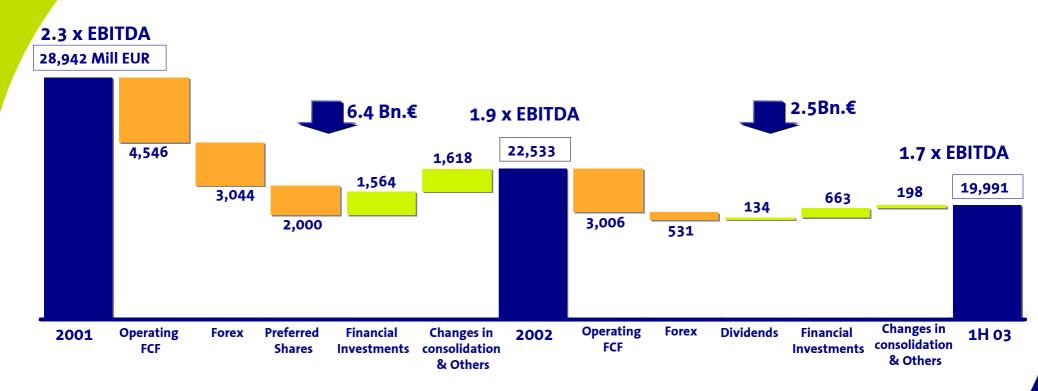


#### Items Included In Total Debt

Figures in million euros	<b>Dec 2002</b>	Jun 2003	+ Expected New Workforce Redundancy
NET FINANCIAL DEBT	22,533	19,991	
Guarantees (IPSE, AVS)	776	776	Program
Net pre-retirement commitments	3,557	3,266	
2003-2007 ERE	0	0	3,600
COMMITMENTS	4,333	4,042	3,600
TOTAL DEBT+ NPV of Cash Commitments	26,866	24,033	27,633



#### 9 Bn Euros Debt Reduction In 2002 & 2003



#### **COMMITMENT TO SINGLE A**

- 2002: Achieve Financial net debt < 2 x EBITDA</li>
- 2003: Achieve Financial net debt + Commitments around 2x EBITDA.

Making room for 3.6 bn Eur notional NPV of commitments related to workforce reduction in 2003-07



#### 2.3 Risk Management Policy

#### **CURRENCY RISK**

- Cash Flow Hedging.
- No FX losses impacting P&L.

#### **SOVEREIGN RISK**

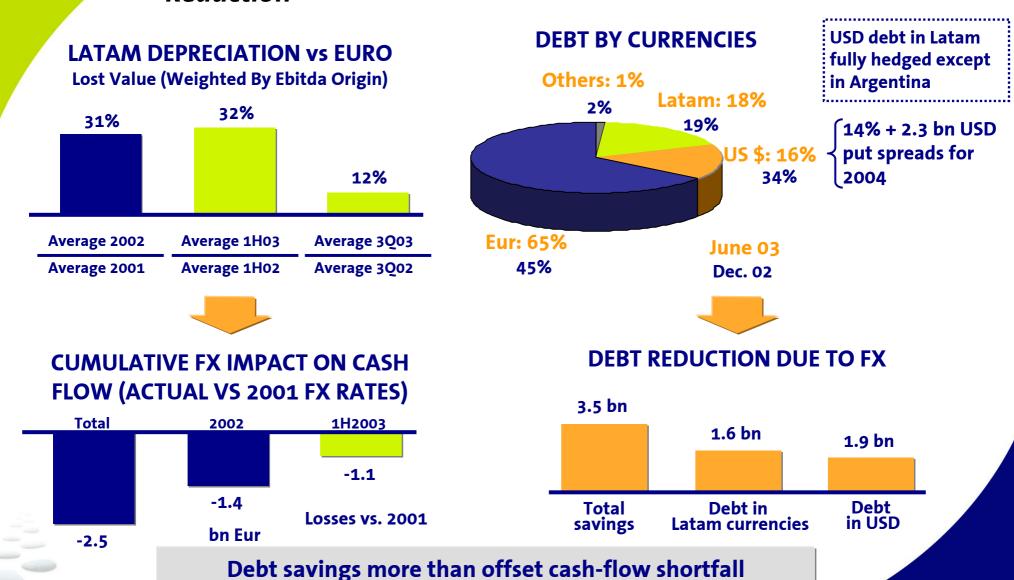
- Non-recourse to the parent: Financing at operating company level in Latin America.
- Fund repatriation.

#### **REFINANCING RIKS**

- Average Maturity of Debt longer than period needed to pay off debt in full.
- Liquidity sources greater than planned uses for next 12 months.



## Fx Management: Offsetting Cash-flow Shortfalls With Debt Reduction

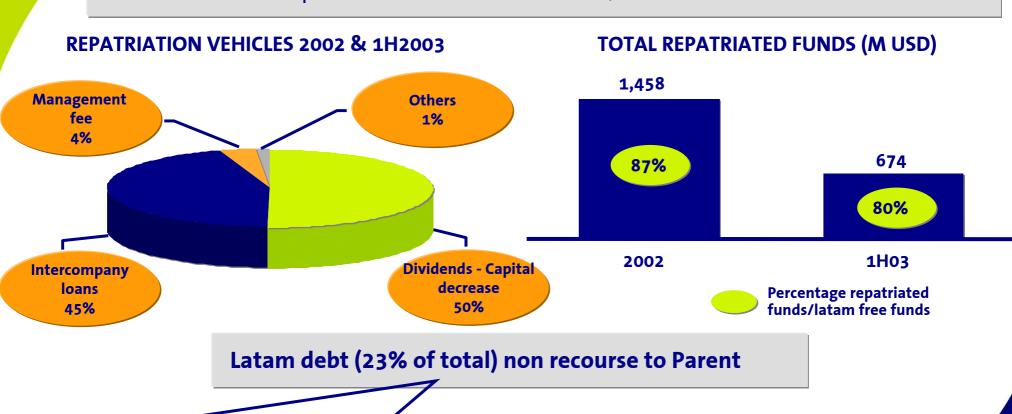


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2002-2003 due to FX depreciation

#### **Actively Managing Latin American Risk**

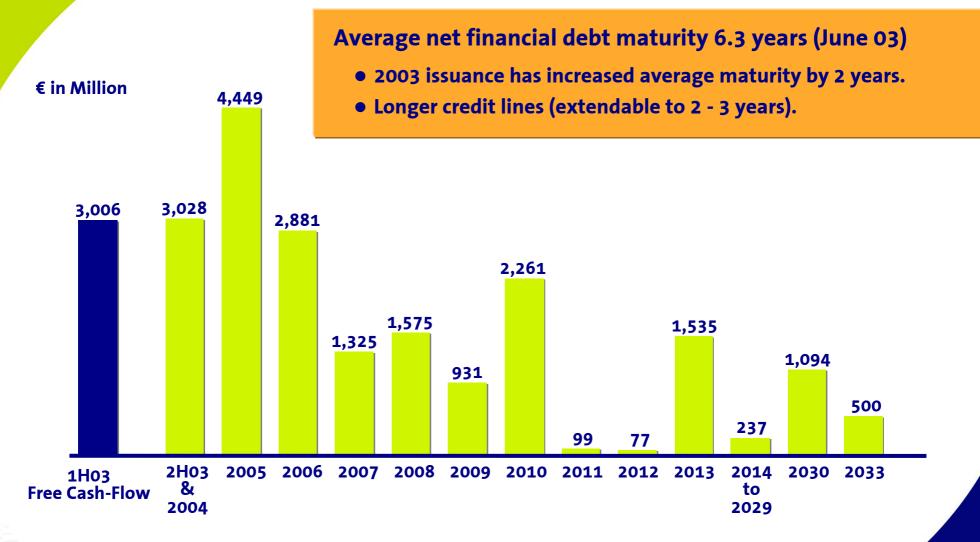
1.5 bn USD repatriated from Latam in 2002; 0.7 bn USD in 1H2003.



- **⇒** 1 bn USD debt restructured in Argentina (67% acceptance):
  - Avoid liquidity problems
  - •Allow equitative repayment of intercompany and external debt.
  - ●No haircut to bondholders, just 3 years extension and 15% payment upfront.



#### Low Refinancing Risk

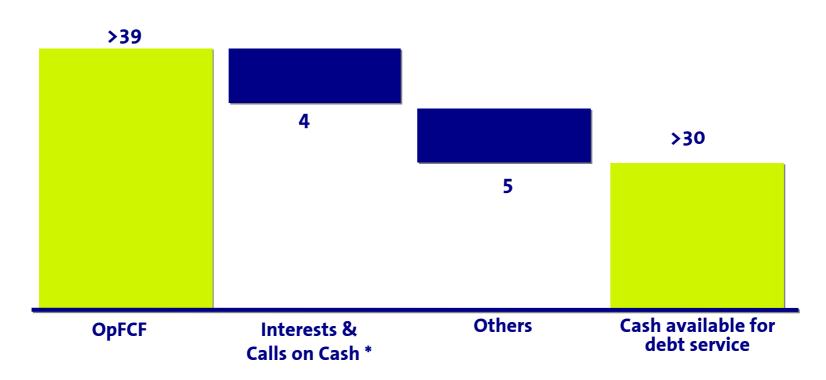


- Net maturities in 2003 & 2004 equal to cash-flows generated in one semester.
- Close to 5bn Eur undrawn committed credit lines.



#### Telefónica Could Fully Pay Its Debt In 4 Years

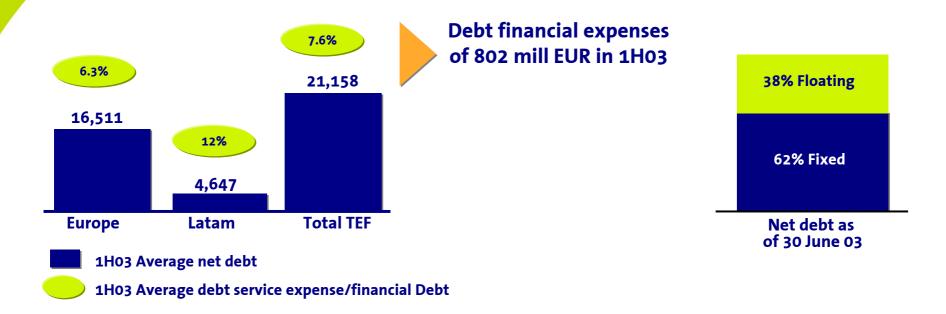




Debt maturity longer than time needed for full repayment

<sup>\*</sup> Interests calculated assuming free cash-flow is used to reduce debt.

# Net Financial Expenses: Balance Between Conservatism And Active Management



- Average interest expense in 1H03 of 7.6%, due to conservative liability management:
  - Longer maturities with a positive yield curve raise unit cost of debt and widen credit spreads.
  - Local Funding in Latam significantly more costly than in EUR/USD.
- Nevertheless, active management of currency exposures has materialized in a 267.5 Million € profit in 2003, via currency swaps.



3. Conclusions

3.1 TELEFÓNICA'S FINANCIAL STRENGTH.

3.2 RISKS WE DON'T HAVE.



#### 3.1 Telefónica's Financial Strength

- 1.- Large Free Cash Flow Generation > 27 Bn.€ (03-06)
  - FCF roughly equal to 50% of Market Capitalization.
  - FCF roughly equal to 100% of Net Debt + Expected Commitments.
- 2.- Current and Expected Cash Consumption fully funded
  - 20 Bn.€ Net Debt + 7.9 Bn.€ of Cash Commitments targeted.
- 3.- Powerful Conversion of OpFCF into FCF to Equity



- 4.- No Asset Disposals, Business Line Divestitures or Unwinding of Financial Stakes Contemplated.
- 5.- "Hard" Commitments for FCF Allocation at the Top of the Industry and Clear Recirculation Channels for Excess Cash Flow



#### 3.2 Risks We Don't Have

- No Extra Liabilities
  - No Pension Liabilities.
  - No Real Estate Sale & Lease-back (secured off-balance sheet debt).
  - No asset-backed bonds (off-balance sheet).
- No Pressure on stock trading
  - Core Shareholder Stability and no government overhang.
  - Liquidity: Telefónica top 3 in ESTOXX in Liquidity: €400M daily.
- Personnel efficiency fully funded.
- → No need to sell off assets.



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