

Telefónica, S.A.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF TELEFÓNICA, S.A. ON THE PROPOSAL TO AMEND THE BY-LAWS OF THE COMPANY, TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE APPROVAL OF THE 2013 ORDINARY GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING (ITEM IV OF THE AGENDA)

1. <u>SUBJECT-MATTER OF THE REPORT</u>

The Agenda of the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of Telefónica, S.A. (the "**Company**") to be held on May 30 and 31, 2013, at first and second call, respectively, includes under item IV a proposal relating to the amendment of the By-Laws of the Company and to the approval of a new revised version.

Article 286 of the Companies Act requires that a written report be prepared by the directors, justifying the reasons for the proposal to amend the By-Laws to be submitted to the approval of the General Shareholders' Meeting.

In compliance with the aforesaid requirement, the Board of Directors of the Company has prepared this report with a view to explaining and justifying the proposed amendments to the By-Laws, also including their complete wording.

2. JUSTIFICATION OF THE PROPOSAL

2.1. General and systematic purpose of the reform of the By-Laws

The prominent position occupied by the Company on the capital markets must be permanently reflected in its rules of corporate governance, which require periodic review with a view to bringing them into line with legislative changes and with the standards in force at any given time. In recent years, this task of ongoing review has given rise to successive amendments to the Company's By-Laws, making it advisable at this time to make certain technical, terminological and stylistic adjustments. The amendment proposed at this time has a threefold purpose:

(i) to introduce specific improvements in the regulations of the Company's governing bodies, in line with the best practices;

(ii) to bring the By-Laws into line with the latest legislative changes; and

(iii) to review the By-Laws as a whole, with a view to systematizing and standardizing their contents and expression in a new revised version.

Consequently, pursuant to article 21 of the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting currently in force, with a view to facilitating the suitable exercise of the voting right by shareholders, the proposed amendments have been grouped into three blocks relating to the three purposes listed above, each of which will be voted on separately.

The amendments are explained and justified in detail below, in the same order.

2.2. Improvements in the regulations of the governing bodies

In matters of corporate governance, three substantive amendments are proposed: (i) in connection with the functioning of the General Shareholders' Meeting, to improve the regulation of representation by proxy and the casting of votes from a distance; and in connection with the Board of Directors; to introduce (ii) the figure of the Coordinating Independent Director, as well as (iii) recognition in the By-Laws of the Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee.

Within this chapter, the proposal is to amend articles 17 and 20 bis, all according to the current numbering. Please note that, by virtue of the systematic reorganization of the By-Laws proposed in the context of its new revised version, this numbering could vary, and where it does, this is pointed

out in each case. A proposal is also made to introduce two new articles, numbers 32 and 40.

The following is a detail of the amendments:

1.- Amendment to article 17 (in connection with a part of its contents which will become a new article 20) and article 20 bis (which becomes article 25) in order to improve the regulation of representation by proxy and the casting of votes from a distance

The Company's By-Laws, as currently worded, recognize to shareholders the possibility of granting a proxy and of casting their vote using long-distance communication prior to the holding of the General Shareholders' Meeting, by postal delivery or correspondence or by electronic communication. In connection with the latter, given its technical complexity, the By-Laws specify that the grant of a proxy or the casting of votes using electronic communication will only be possible where, following verification of the appropriate security and simplicity conditions, this is stipulated by the Board of Directors in a resolution and subsequent communication in the call notice for the meeting in question, as already done at the previous Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting and in the call notice for this meeting.

The proposal is to amend the provisions of the By-Laws regulating representation by proxy and the casting of votes from a distance, with a view to ensuring that both may be carried out hereafter not only by postal delivery or correspondence, but also and in all cases, by electronic communication prior to the General Shareholders' Meeting. Although this has been the Company's practice, it is deemed appropriate, in the shareholders' interest, to confer upon it the nature of by-law mandate in line with an interpretation of article 521 of the Companies Act aimed at facilitating the exercise of the right of representation and voting rights. At the same time, the Board of Directors is granted the power to elaborate on the provisions of the By-Laws on representation by proxy and the casting of votes from a distance, as an element aimed at greater flexibility

which is deemed essential in order to be able to attend in the future to the needs arising from technological progress.

2.- Addition of a new article 32 in order to introduce the figure of the Coordinating Independent Director and to regulate his functions

Where, as is the case of the Company, the Chairman of the Board of Directors discharges executive functions, it may be beneficial to the functioning of the Board, in particular to the optimum discharge of its collegiate task of supervision, to entrust an independent Director with functions aimed at coordinating the external Directors. This is the figure of the Coordinating Independent Director (or *senior* or *lead independent director*, as it is referred to in the Anglo Saxon legal culture). The Unified Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies contemplates it in recommendation 17, on the following terms:

"17. Where the Chairman of the Board is also the Company's most senior executive officer, one of the independent Directors should be empowered to request the holding of a board meeting or the inclusion of new items on the agenda; to coordinate and echo the concerns of external directors; and to direct the Board's assessment of its Chairman".

The Company is not nor has been unaware of this recommendation. Proof of this is the attribution to the Chairman of the Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee - an office which must be held by an independent director - of the responsibility of organizing and coordinating, together with the Chairman, the periodic assessment of the Board of Directors.

Nonetheless, it is deemed advisable to develop this area further by applying the aforesaid recommendation in full, thus enabling the Company to bring its internal regulations into line with the best practices of good governance. With this in mind, a proposal is made to introduce a new article 32 in the By-Laws in order to regulate the appointment of a Coordinating Independent Director at the proposal of the Appointments, Compensation and Corporate Governance Committee, and to list his functions.

3.- Introduction of a new article, number 40, on the Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee

The Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee discharges a fundamental task in connection with the supervision and control of the Company by the Board of Directors. Not only its recognition but also its composition, functions and rules of conduct are set forth in the Regulations of the Board of Directors, which is, in all other respects, a generalized practice at listed companies.

The proposal is to configure this Committee in the By-Laws, thus placing it at the same level as the Audit and Control Committee. The fundamental rule of the Company is thus to stipulate not only the need of its existence but also the basic rules of its configuration, conferring upon it rank and dignity in accordance with its importance.

This also makes it possible to strengthen the guarantees of the mechanism stipulated for the appointment of the new Coordinating Independent Director, who is to be proposed by the Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee. It is precisely the recognition of this Committee in the By-Laws that makes it possible to attribute to it, also in the By-Laws, such proposal function, which otherwise would have been relegated to the authority of the Regulations of the Board of Directors.

2.3. Legislative change

The second part of the proposed reform is aimed at bringing the By-Laws into line with the most recent legislative changes. In particular, since the holding of the last General Shareholders' Meeting of the Company, (i) Act 1/2012, of June 22, 2012, on the simplification of the obligations to disclose and document mergers and spinoffs of corporate enterprises ("Act 1/2012"); and (ii) Order ECC/461/2013, of March 20, 2013, defining the contents and structure of the annual corporate governance report, the annual compensation report and other disclosure instruments of listed corporations, savings banks and other entities which issue securities admitted to trading on official securities markets ("Order ECC/461/2013") came into force.

Within this chapter, the proposal is to amend articles 16, 17, 18, 18 bis, 20 bis and 21, all according to the current numbering. In each case the change in numbering resulting from the new version is indicated, if appropriate. A proposal is also made to introduce two new articles, numbers 43 and 44.

The following is a detail of the amendments:

1.- Amendment of article 21 (which becomes article 26) to bring the limitation on the maximum number of votes that may be cast by a shareholder into line with the current wording of article 527 of the Companies Act

Traditionally, the By-Laws of the Company have limited the maximum number of votes that may be cast by a single shareholder, by companies belonging to the same group or by those acting in concert with the foregoing, to 10%. In this connection, please note that Act 12/2010, of June 30, 2010, amending Audit Act 19/1988, of July 12, 1988, Securities Market Act 24/1988, of July 28, 1988 and the revised Companies Act approved by Legislative Royal Decree 1564/1989, of December 22, 1989, in order to bring them into line with Community legislation, introduced into the former Companies Act the prohibition, limited to listed companies, against clauses of the By-Laws limiting the voting right. Nonetheless, this prohibition was subsequently repealed in order to reinstate the possibility of limiting the voting right at listed companies. Thus, the Companies Act, following its reform by Act 1/2012, again recognized the admissibility of such clauses although it made them subject to an *ex lege* neutralization measure. This neutralization of limiting clauses of By-Laws

brings Spanish corporate law into line with the Community legislation and, specifically, with the "*breakthrough rule*" set forth in article 11 of Directive 2004//25/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004.

In view of the foregoing, article 21 of the By-Laws incorporates the former provision limiting the voting right, to which it adds a qualification referring to the statutory provisions of mandatory compliance, a reference which must be deemed made to the current wording of article 527 of the Companies Act, which contains the aforesaid "*breakthrough rule*".

Please note that article 21 - according to the current numbering - will become article 26.

2.- Amendment of articles 16, 17, 18, 18 bis and 20 bis (which become article 17, 20, 22, 4 and 25, respectively) in order to include the adjective "corporate" in the references to the Company's website:

Act 1/2012 introduces in Chapter II of Title I of the Companies Act the general legal regime on websites, which is obligatory at listed companies, and by doing so qualifies the word "website" with the adjective "corporate".

Please note that the introduction of this adjective is closely related to Act 1/2012. As is well known, Act 1/2012 includes, substantially, the contents of Royal Decree Act 9/2012, of March 16, 2012, on the simplification of the obligations to disclose and document mergers and spinoffs of corporate enterprises, which was processed as a bill rather than being submitted to ratification by the Spanish Parliament. In particular, the expression "corporate website" already appeared in the wording given by the aforesaid Royal Decree Act to articles 11 bis et. seq. of the Companies Act. Nonetheless, it is in the context of a complete review of the By-Laws, such as that now being performed, that the wording should be updated in this respect in each and every one of the references made to the Company's website.

3.- Addition of two new articles, numbers 43 and 44, relating to the reports on corporate governance and compensation

In turn, Order ECC/461/2013 implemented the provisions introduced in the Securities Market Act by Sustainable Economy Act 2/2011, of March 4, 2011, on the annual corporate governance report and the annual report on directors' compensation (the latter created expressly on occasion of the reform).

The provisions whose addition is proposed echo these reports, their obligatory nature and the deadlines and measures which are to be complied with in connection with publicity pursuant to the provisions of Order ECC/461/2013.

2.3. Drafting of a new revised version

The third and last part of the proposed amendment is a review of the By-Laws as a whole with a view to systematizing and standardizing their contents and expression in a new revised version. This arises from the need to preserve the systematic integrity, technical consistency and correctness, and stylistic uniformity of the fundamental regulations of the Company, which could otherwise suffer as a result of their successive partial amendments.

In particular, in this connection the proposed amendment includes technical improvements and improvements in wording, standardizes the terminology used and systematically reorganizes the articles, renumbering them sequentially, which makes them more readable and understandable.

Organized by groups of articles in accordance with the systematics of the By-Laws, the following is a detail of the proposed amendments:

1.- Amendment of articles 1, 2, 3 and 4 (which becomes article 5), and addition of a new article 4 (whose contents was included until now in article 18 bis) in order to improve the wording The proposed amendments grouped under this block relate to improvements in wording and technical specifications, and their ultimate purpose is to endow the By-Laws with greater technical consistency.

They include most notably the relocation of article 18 bis, regulating the Company's corporate website, which becomes the new article 4. The relocation of this article is an attempt to emphasize the importance of the corporate website as one of the fundamental instruments for exercising rights and revitalizing corporate life.

2.- Amendment of articles 5 through 12 (which become articles 6 through 13) with a view to introducing technical improvements, mainly in connection with the provisions applicable to shares, the relationship between the Company and its shareholders, and the regulations on pending disbursements

The amendment of the articles relating to this block pursues the technical improvement of their contents and the simplification of their wording.

The specific amendments which are most notable affect (i) article 6 (new article 7), to which a new section 4 is added to include the contents of article 497 of the Companies Act, thus strengthening the tools available to the Company for communication with its shareholders; and (ii) article 7 (new article 8), in which the regulations on pending disbursements are improved, stipulating a maximum deadline of five years in which to make payments.

In connection with article 6 (new article 7), a proposal is made to replace the reference to the Companies Act and the Securities Market Law, and to the media in which it is legally necessary to publish modifications to the features of shares represented in book-entry form, with a general reference to the law that prevails, that the By-Laws will no longer be affected by any legislative amendment entailing a change in the aforesaid laws or in their contents. Other amendments are proposed throughout practically all the articles of the By-Laws with this same purpose in mind. 3.- Amendment of the articles regulating the General Shareholders' Meeting (currently articles 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 17bis, 18, 18 bis, 19, 20, 20bis, 21 and 22, which become Articles 14 through 27), in order to implement the regulation of its powers and to clarify and introduce technical improvements in the rules governing its functioning

The amendments proposed in this block are aimed at specifying the list of authorities of the General Shareholders' Meeting and at clarifying, systematizing and improving specific aspects of the rules governing its functioning, notwithstanding the amendments relating to the regulation of representation by proxy and the casting of votes from a distance, whose justification was already explained under section 2.2. above.

The amendment of the articles regulating the General Shareholders' Meeting are made in the context of the proposed amendment and approval of revised Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting, which are equally submitted to this General Shareholders' Meeting.

The following is a summary of the most notable changes.

First, in connection with article 14 (new article 15), the proposal is to define more precisely the powers attributed to the General Shareholders' Meeting.

Technical improvements are also to be introduced in the provisions relating to the call notice and the holding of the General Shareholders' Meeting. In particular, the new article 18, which regulates the place and time of holding the General Shareholders' Meeting (regulated to date in the last paragraphs of article 16) also regulates the possibility of extending and temporarily adjourning the General Shareholders' Meeting.

The new article 19 (current article 17) improves the regulation of the right to attend the General Shareholders' Meeting and, in particular, unifies and clarifies the rules on the attendance of the General Shareholders' Meeting by

Directors and other persons, such as senior executive officers, technicians, experts, etc.

A new article 20 is created to contain a part of the regulations included until now in article 17, and to bring together the regulations on the right of representation.

The shareholders' right to receive information, which until now was regulated in article 22, is now regulated in the new article 18, thus notably simplifying its wording.

The rules on the casting of votes from a distance, contained in the current article 20 bis, are now found in the new article 25.

The other proposed amendments are aimed at improving the wording and standardizing the terminology used in the document.

4.- Amendment of the articles regulating the management of the Company (currently articles 23, 24, 25, 26, 26 bis, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 31bis, 32 and 33, which become articles 28 through 42) with a view to clarifying and introducing technical improvements to the rules governing its functioning

The proposed amendments grouped under this block introduce improvements in the rules on the adoption of resolutions by the Board of Directors, specifying in the new article 34 (current article 27), the rules on majorities necessary for the approval of Board resolutions, and increasing the flexibility of the configuration of the Audit and Control Committee by eliminating, in the new article 39 (current article 31 bis), the specification of the maximum number of its members.

The other proposed amendments are aimed at improving the wording and standardizing the terminology used.

The foregoing is deemed to be notwithstanding the introduction of the figure of the Coordinating Independent Director and the recognition in the By-Laws of the Appointments, Compensation and Corporate Government Committee, whose justification was already explained in section 2.2 above.

5.- Amendment of articles 34 through 37, which become articles 45 through 48 with a view to introducing technical improvements and standardizing their wording

In articles 34 through 37 (which become articles 45 through 48), the proposed amendments are of a technical and formal nature and do not alter their meaning.

7.- Approval of a revised version of the By-Laws incorporating the approved amendments and renumbering sequentially the headings, sections and articles into which they are divided

In the light of the amendments agreed in previous years, as well as those now proposed, which include the addition of new articles, it is advisable to create a new version of the By-Laws, renumbering sequentially the headings, sections and articles into which they are divided.

3. <u>PROPOSED RESOLUTION TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE APPROVAL OF</u> <u>THE ORDINARY GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING</u>

The proposed resolutions to be submitted by the Board of Directors to the approval of the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting in connection with this matter are transcribed below:

"1.- Amendment of Articles 17 (in connection with a part of its contents which will become a new article 20) and 20 bis of the By-Laws (which becomes the new article 25), and addition of two new articles, numbered 32 and 40, to improve the regulations of the governing bodies of Telefónica, S.A.

With a view to introduce certain improvements in the regulations of the Company's governing bodies, in line with the best practices, it was resolved to amend Articles 17 (in connection with a part of its contents which will become a new article 20) and 20 bis (which becomes the new article 25), and to add two new articles 32 and 40, which shall hereafter be worded as follows:

"Article 20 Right of representation

1. Every shareholder having the right to attend may be represented at the General Shareholders' Meeting by any other person, even if not a shareholder. For such purpose, the shareholder being represented shall comply with the requirements and formalities established under law. The proxy shall be granted in writing or electronically.

The Chairman of and the Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting shall have the widest powers allowed by law to recognize the validity of the document evidencing proxy representation; they shall only deem invalid those documents that lack the minimum indispensable requirements, and so long as the lack thereof cannot be cured.

2. A proxy shall be granted specifically for each General Shareholders' Meeting, unless the proxy-holder is the granting shareholder's spouse, ascendant or descendant, or holds a general power of attorney granted in a public instrument with powers to manage all of the assets held by the shareholder granting the proxy in Spain.

3. A proxy is always revocable. Attendance at the General Shareholders' Meeting by the shareholder granting the proxy, whether in person or through distance voting, entails the revocation of any proxy, whatever the date thereof. A proxy shall likewise be rendered void as a result of the disposition of shares of which the Company has notice.

Without prejudice to the provisions of Section 187 of the Companies Act, a proxy must be granted pursuant to the provisions of Section 184.2 of such Act.

4. When a proxy is granted by means of long-distance communication, it shall only be deemed valid if it is carried out by postal delivery or correspondence or by electronic communication effected pursuant to the provisions of this section.

A proxy shall be granted by postal delivery or correspondence by sending or delivering to the Company the duly completed and signed attendance and proxy-granting card or other written instrument that, in the opinion of the Board of Directors expressed in a resolution adopted for such purpose, allows for due verification of the identity of the shareholder granting the proxy and that of the proxy-holder designated therein.

A proxy shall be granted by electronic communication with the Company by using an electronic signature or such other means as the Board of Directors deems adequate to guarantee the authenticity and identity of the shareholder exercising his right, accompanied by an electronic copy of the attendance and proxy-granting card, and describing in detail in the communication the representation granted and the identity of the shareholder granting the proxy.

5. In order to be valid, a proxy granted by either of the aforementioned means of long-distance communication must be received by the Company before midnight on the third day prior to the date set for the holding of the General Shareholders' Meeting upon first call. In the resolution providing for the call to the General Shareholders' Meeting in question, the Board of Directors may reduce such advance period and publish any such reduction in the same manner as the notice of the call to meeting.

6. Furthermore, the Board of Directors may elaborate upon the foregoing provisions governing proxy-granting by means of long-distance communication, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 5 of Article 25 below.

7. A proxy may include items that, even if not contained in the Agenda, may be dealt with by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting because it is so permitted by law." "Article 25 Casting of votes from a distance prior to the General Shareholders' Meeting

1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 21, and therefore, independently of the possibility of remote attendance by electronic means, shareholders with the right to attend may cast their vote on the proposals relating to the items included in the Agenda for any General Shareholders' Meeting by postal delivery or correspondence or by electronic communication.

2. Votes by postal delivery or correspondence shall be cast by sending or delivering to the Company a writing in which the vote is recorded, accompanied by the duly signed attendance card issued by the entity in charge of the bookentry registry.

3. Votes by electronic communication with the Company shall be cast by using an electronic signature or such other means as the Board of Directors deems adequate to guarantee the authenticity and identity of the shareholder exercising his right, and accompanied by an electronic copy of the duly completed attendance and voting card.

4. In order to be deemed valid, votes cast by any of the means of longdistance communication mentioned in the preceding paragraphs must be received by the Company before midnight on the third day prior to the date set for the holding of the General Shareholders' Meeting upon first call. In the resolution providing for the call to the General Shareholders' Meeting in question, the Board of Directors may reduce such advance period and publish any such reduction in the same manner as the notice of the call to meeting.

5. The Board of Directors may elaborate on and supplement the distance voting and proxy-granting provisions set forth in these By-Laws and in the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting of the Company by establishing such instructions, means, rules and procedures as it deems advisable in order to organize the casting of votes and the grant of proxies by means of long-distance communication.

In any event, the Board of Directors shall adopt the measures needed to avoid possible deception and to ensure that the person casting a vote or granting a proxy by postal or electronic communication has the right to do so pursuant to the provisions of Article 19 of the By-Laws. The implementing rules adopted by the Board of Directors under the provisions of this sub-section shall be published on the Company's corporate website.

6. Shareholders who cast their vote from a distance pursuant to this article and to the provisions made by the Board of Directors by way of further development thereof shall be deemed present for purposes of determining the establishment of a quorum for the General Shareholders' Meeting in question. Therefore, proxies granted prior to the casting of such vote shall be deemed revoked, and those granted thereafter shall be deemed not to have been given.

7. The vote cast by means of long-distance communication shall be rendered void by the attendance in person at the meeting of the shareholder casting the vote or by the disposition of shares of which the Company has notice."

"Article 32 Coordinating independent director

The Board of Directors at the proposal of the Appointments, Compensation and Corporate Governance Committee, shall appoint one of the Independent Directors as "Coordinating Independent Director" (i.e. "Lead Director"), who shall discharge the following duties and tasks:

a) Coordinate the work of the External Directors that the Company has appointed, in defense of the interests of all the shareholders of the Company, and echo the concerns of such Directors.

b) Request the Chairman of the Board of Directors to call meetings of the Board where appropriate in accordance with the rules of corporate governance.

c) Request, consequently, the inclusion of certain matters in the agenda of the meetings of the Board of Directors.

d) Oversee the evaluation by the Board of Directors of the Chairman thereof."

"Article 40 Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee

1. An Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee shall be created within the Board of Directors, which shall be composed of such number of Directors as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time, although in no case may there be fewer than three Directors, to be appointed by the Board of Directors. All of the members of such Committee must be external or non-executive Directors and the majority of them must be independent Directors.

2. The Chairman of the Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee, which position shall be held by an independent Director in all cases, shall be appointed by the Committee itself from among its members.

3. The Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee shall be entrusted with general powers to propose and report on the compensation and appointments of, and the vacation of office by, Directors and senior executives, as well as any others entrusted to it by the Board of Directors."

2.- Amendment of Articles 16, 18, 18bis and 21 of the By-Laws (which become articles 17, 22, 4 and 26, respectively) and addition of two new articles, numbered 43 and 44, with a view to bringing the provisions of the By-Laws into line with the most recent legislative changes.

With a view to bringing the provisions of the By-Laws into line with the most recent legislative changes, it was resolved to amend articles 16, 18, 18bis and 21 of the By-Laws (which become articles 17, 22, 4 and 26, respectively), and to add two new articles, numbers 43 and 44, which shall hereafter be worded as follows:

"Article 17 Call to the General Shareholders' Meeting

1. The General Shareholders' Meeting shall be called with the minimum advance notice required by law, through a notice published, at least:

a) In the Official Bulletin of the Commercial Registry or in one of the more widely circulated newspapers in Spain.

b) On the website of the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores].

c) On the Company's corporate website.

The notice published on the Company's corporate website shall be continuously accessible at least until the date of the General Shareholders' Meeting. The Board of Directors may also publish notices in other media, if it deems it appropriate to ensure the public and effective dissemination of the call to meeting.

2. The call notice shall contain all the statements required by law in each case and, in any event, shall set forth the date, place and time of the meeting upon first call and all the matters to be dealt with thereat. The notice may also set forth the date on which the General Shareholders' Meeting shall, if applicable, be held upon second call.

3. General Shareholders' Meetings may not deliberate on or discuss matters that are not included in the agenda.

4. At Ordinary General Shareholders' Meetings, shareholders representing at least 5% of the share capital may request the publication of a supplement to the call including one or more items in the Agenda, so long as such new items are accompanied by a rationale or, if applicable, by a well-founded proposal for a resolution.

5. In addition, shareholders representing at least 5% of the share capital may submit well-founded proposals for resolutions regarding items already

included or that must be included in the Agenda for the General Shareholders' Meeting called.

6. The rights provided for in the two preceding paragraphs must be exercised by means of duly authenticated notice that must be received at the Company's registered office within five days of the publication of the call to meeting. The supplement to the call to meeting and the proposals for resolutions must be published or disseminated in compliance with the legal requirements and advance notice provided by law."

"Article 22 Shareholders' right to receive information

1. From the publication of the notice of the call to a General Shareholders' Meeting through the seventh day prior to it being held upon first call, any shareholder may submit a written request for such information or clarifications as it deems are required, or ask written questions it deems are pertinent, regarding the matters included in the call Agenda, or regarding information accessible to the public that the Company has provided to the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores] since the holding of the immediately prior General Shareholders' Meeting and regarding the auditor's report.

2. During the course of the General Shareholders' Meeting, the shareholders may verbally request such information or clarifications as they deem appropriate regarding the matters contained in the Agenda, or regarding the information accessible to the public that the Company has provided to the National Securities Market Commission since the holding of the last General Shareholders' Meeting, or regarding the auditor's report.

3. The Board of Directors must provide the information requested pursuant to the two preceding paragraphs, in the manner and by the deadlines provided by law, except in those cases in which it is legally inadmissible and, in particular, when, prior to specific questions being asked, the information requested has been clearly and directly made available to all shareholders in question-and-answer format on the Company's corporate website, or when, in the opinion of the Chairman, publication of the requested information may prejudice the corporate interests. This last exception shall not apply when the request is supported by shareholders representing at least one-fourth of the share capital.

4. In the case of the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting and in the other cases established by law, the call notice shall make the appropriate references regarding the right to examine at the registered office and obtain, immediately and without charge, the documents that are to be submitted to the General Shareholders' Meeting for approval and, if appropriate, such report or reports as may be determined by law."

"Article 4 Corporate website of the Company

1. The address of the Company's corporate website is www.telefonica.com.

2. Through the Company's corporate website, the exercise of the shareholders' right to receive information shall be accommodated and the significant information required by securities market legislation shall be disseminated.

3. The Board of Directors may resolve to relocate the corporate website, and is also authorized to amend section one of this article and to register such amendment with the Commercial Registry. In any event, the resolution to relocate shall be posted on the relocated website for thirty days following the inclusion thereof."

"Article 26 Adoption of resolutions

1. The shareholders acting at a General Shareholders' Meeting shall adopt their resolutions with the majorities of votes required by law.

2. Each share whose holder is present at the General Shareholders' Meeting in person or by proxy shall give the right to one vote, except in the case of non-voting shares, subject to the provisions of law.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding section, no shareholder may cast a number of votes in excess of 10% of the total voting capital existing at any time, regardless of the number of shares held by such shareholder, all fully subject to the mandatory provisions of the law.

In determining the maximum number of votes that each shareholder may cast, only the shares held by the shareholder in question shall be computed, and those held by other shareholders that have granted their proxy to the firstmentioned shareholder shall not be computed, without prejudice to the application of the aforementioned limit of 10% to each of the shareholders that have granted a proxy.

The limitation established in this section shall also apply to the maximum number of votes that may be collectively or individually cast by two or more shareholder companies belonging to the same group of entities, as well as to the maximum number of votes that may be cast by an individual or corporate shareholder and the entity or entities that are shareholders themselves and which are directly or indirectly controlled by such individual or corporate shareholder.

For purposes of the provisions contained in the preceding paragraph, the provisions of Section 18 of the Companies Act shall apply in order to decide whether or not a group of entities exists and to examine the situations of control indicated above.

Notwithstanding the limitation established in this section, all shares present at the General Shareholders' Meeting shall be computed for purposes of determining the existence of a quorum in constituting it, provided, however, that the 10% limit on the number of votes shall apply to such shares at the time of voting."

"Article 43 Annual corporate governance report

1. The Board of Directors shall approve each year a corporate governance report that shall explain in detail the structure of the Company's system of governance and its operation in practice. The annual corporate governance report shall contain the references provided for legally and such other references, if any, as the Board of Directors may see fit.

2. For the purposes of the annual corporate governance report, the classification of the Directors as executive, proprietary or independent shall be as determined by the law.

3. The annual corporate governance report shall be made available to the shareholders on the Company's corporate website by not later than the date of publication of the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting that is to resolve on the financial statements for the fiscal year to which the report refers.

4. The annual corporate governance report shall be notified to the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores] and published as a material event within four months following the end of the fiscal year to which it refers and, in any case, by not later than the date on which the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting is published."

"Article 44 Report on Directors' compensation

1. The Board of Directors shall approve each year a report on the compensation of the Directors. Such report shall contain complete, clear and understandable information on the Company's compensation policy approved by the Board of Directors for the year in progress, and on that envisaged for future years, if any, and shall include an overall summary of how the compensation policy was applied during the year, as well as details of the individual compensation accrued to each of the Directors.

2. The report on Directors' compensation shall be made available to the shareholders on the Company's corporate website by not later than the date of

publication of the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting that is to resolve on the financial statements for the fiscal year to which the report refers, and shall be put to a vote by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting on a consultative basis and as a separate item on the agenda.

3. The report on Directors' compensation shall be notified to the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores] and published as a material event within four months following the end of the fiscal year to which it refers and, in any case, by not later than the date on which the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting is published."

3.- Approval of a revised version of the By-Laws, with a view to systematizing and standardizing their contents, incorporating the amendments approved and renumbering sequentially the headings, sections and articles into which it is divided:

It was resolved to approve the following revised version of the By-Laws, with a view to systematizing and standardizing their contents, incorporating the amendments approved and renumbering sequentially the headings, sections and articles into which it is divided:

"BY-LAWS OF TELEFONICA, S.A.

Title I

General Provisions

Article 1.- Corporate name

The Company is named "Telefónica, S.A." and shall be governed by these By-Laws and, as to matters not otherwise contemplated or provided for herein, by the Companies Act (Ley de Sociedades de Capital) and other legal provisions applicable thereto.

Article 2.- Duration of the Company

The duration of the Company shall be indefinite, its operations having commenced on the date of formalization of the notarial instrument of incorporation. It may only be dissolved upon the grounds and subject to the requirements set forth in Article 47 of these By-Laws.

Article 3.- Registered office and branches

1. The registered office shall be located in Madrid, at Gran Vía, 28, and the Board of Directors may resolve to relocate it within the municipal area of Madrid in compliance with any applicable legal provisions.

2. The Board of Directors may also resolve to create, terminate or relocate any branches, agencies, delegation offices, local offices or establishments to the extent and in the location it deems fit, even outside of the national territory.

Article 4.- Corporate website of the Company

1. The address of the Company's corporate website is www.telefonica.com.

2. Through the Company's corporate website, the exercise of the shareholders' right to receive information shall be accommodated and the significant information required by securities market legislation shall be disseminated.

3. The Board of Directors may resolve to relocate the corporate website, and is also authorized to amend section one of this article and to register such amendment with the Commercial Registry. In any event, the resolution to relocate shall be posted on the relocated website for thirty days following the inclusion thereof.

Article 5.- Corporate purpose

1. The purpose of the Company consists of:

a) The provision and operation of all kinds of public or private telecommunications services and, for such purpose, the design, installation, maintenance, repair, improvement, acquisition, disposition, interconnection, management, administration of, and any other activity not included in the preceding enumeration with respect to, all kinds of telecommunications networks, lines, satellites, equipment, systems and technical infrastructure, whether now existing or to be created in future, including the premises in which any and all of the foregoing items are located.

b) The provision and operation of all kinds of services that are ancillary or supplemental to or result from telecommunications services.

c) The research and development, promotion and application of all kinds of component principles, equipment and systems directly or indirectly used for telecommunications.

d) Manufacturing and production activities and, in general, all other forms of industrial activity in connection with telecommunications.

e) Acquisition, disposition and, in general, all other forms of commercial activity in connection with telecommunications.

2. All of the activities included in the corporate purpose may be carried out both in Spain and abroad and either directly by the Company, in whole or in part, or through the ownership of shares or interests in companies or other legal entities having the same or a similar purpose.

Title II

Share Capital and Shares

Article 6.- Share capital

1. The share capital is 4,551,024,586 euros, represented by 4,551,024,586 ordinary shares in a single series and with a nominal value of one euro each, which have been fully paid up.

2. The shareholders acting at the General Shareholders' Meeting may, subject to the requirements and within the limits established by law for such purpose, delegate to the Board of Directors the power to increase the share capital.

Article 7.- Provisions applicable to the shares

1. The shares are represented in book-entry form, and as book entries, they shall be governed by securities market regulations and other applicable provisions.

2. Modifications to features of shares represented in book-entry form shall be published in the legally established form.

3. The Company shall acknowledge as shareholders such parties as appear entitled thereto as holders in the entries of the corresponding book-entry registries.

4. The Company may access at any time the necessary information to fully identify its shareholders, including addresses and means of contact to permit communication with them.

Article 8.- Pending disbursements

1. Where the shares have not been fully disbursed, this fact shall be recorded in the relevant entry.

2. Pending disbursements shall be paid at such time as may be determined by the Board of Directors, within a period of five years reckoned from the date of the capital increase resolution. As for the manner and other aspects of the disbursement, regard shall be had to the provisions of the capital increase resolution, which may provide that disbursements be in the form of either monetary contributions or non-monetary contributions.

3. In the case of arrears in the payment of pending disbursements, the delinquent shareholder shall be subject to the effects provided for under law.

4. In the event of a transfer of shares that have not been fully paid up, the transferee of any such shares and all prior transferors shall be jointly and severally liable.

Article 9.- Rights granted to the shareholders

1. All shares confer upon the rightful holders thereof the status of shareholder and vest such holders with the rights granted by law and by these By-Laws.

2. Subject to the provisions of law, and except in such cases as are set forth therein, a shareholder shall have at least the following rights:

a) The right to share in the distribution of corporate profits and in the remaining assets upon liquidation.

b) The right of pre-emptive subscription in the event of the issuance of new shares or of convertible debentures.

c) The right to attend and vote at General Shareholders' Meetings under such terms as are set forth in these By-Laws and to challenge corporate resolutions.

d) The right to receive information.

3. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may issue non-voting shares under the conditions and subject to the limits and requirements established by law.

Article 10.- Co-ownership of and in rem rights to shares

1. The shares are indivisible. Co-owners of a share must designate a single person for the exercise of shareholder rights, and shall be jointly and severally liable to the Company for all obligations arising from their status as shareholders. The same rule shall apply to other cases of co-ownership of rights to the shares.

2. In the case of beneficial ownership of shares [usufructo de acciones], shareholder status shall vest in the bare owner, but the beneficial owner shall be entitled, in all cases, to the dividends issued by the Company during the period of beneficial ownership.

3. In the case of a pledge of shares, the exercise of shareholder rights shall belong to the owner thereof, and the pledgee shall have the duty to facilitate the exercise of such rights.

Article 11.- Acquisition by the Company of its own shares

The Company may only acquire its own shares in the manner, with the funds and for the purposes established by law.

Article 12.- Submission by the shareholders to the By-Laws and to corporate resolutions

Ownership of one or more shares entails acceptance of and absolute compliance with the Company's By-Laws and Regulations, and submission to the legally adopted resolutions of the Company's shareholder- and board-level decision-making bodies.

Title III

The Company's Decision-Making Bodies

Article 13.- The Company's decision-making bodies

The Company shall be governed and managed by the following bodies, under such terms and conditions as are set forth below in these By-Laws:

a) The General Shareholders' Meeting.

b) The Board of Directors.

c) The Executive Commission.

d) The Chairman [Presidente] of the Board of Directors.

e) The Chief Executive Officer(s) [Consejero/s Delegado/s], if any, that have been appointed by the Board of Directors from among its members.

Section One

General Shareholders' Meeting

Article 14.- The General Shareholders' Meeting

1. The shareholders acting at a General Shareholders' Meeting constitute the highest deliberative body through which the corporate will is expressed.

2. The shareholders, meeting at a General Shareholders' Meeting that has been legally and validly convened, shall decide by majority vote on the matters that may properly come before them.

3. All shareholders, including dissenting shareholders and those who have not participated in the meeting, shall be bound by the resolutions adopted at a General Shareholders' Meeting, without prejudice to the right of any shareholder to challenge such resolutions in the cases and subject to the requirements established by law.

Article 15.- Powers of the Shareholders acting at a General Shareholders' Meeting

The shareholders acting at a General Shareholders' Meeting shall decide on the matters assigned thereto by law or these By-Laws and, in particular, regarding the following:

1) Approval of the annual financial statements, the allocation of profits/losses, and corporate management.

2) Appointment, re-appointment and removal of Directors, and ratification of Directors appointed by co-optation.

3) Appointment, re-appointment and removal of Auditors.

4) Appointment and removal of Liquidators.

5) Commencement of corporate claims for liability against any of the persons referred to numbers 2) to 4) of this article.

6) Amendment of the By-Laws.

7) Increase and reduction of share capital, and delegation to the Board of Directors of the power to increase share capital, in which case it may also be attributed the power to disapply or establish restrictions upon pre-emptive rights, as established by law.

8) Elimination of or establishment of restrictions upon pre-emptive rights.

9) Transformation, merger, split-off, overall assignment of assets and liabilities, and relocation of the registered address abroad.

10) Dissolution of the Company.

11) Issuance of debentures and other marketable securities recognizing or creating debt, and delegation to the Board of Directors of the power to issue them.

12) The transformation of the Company into a holding company through "subsidiarization" or by entrusting subsidiaries with the conduct of core activities theretofore carried out by the Company itself.

13) The acquisition or disposition of essential operating assets, when this entails an effective amendment of the corporate purpose.

14) Transactions the effect of which is tantamount to liquidating the Company and, especially, the approval of the final balance sheet upon liquidation.

15) Any other matter that the Board of Directors resolves to submit to the shareholders at a General Shareholders' Meeting.

Article 16.- Ordinary and Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting

1. The shareholders acting at an Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting, which shall have previously been called for such purpose, shall meet within the first six months of each fiscal year in order, if appropriate, to approve corporate management, the financial statements for the prior fiscal year and decide on the allocation of profits/losses. Resolutions may also be adopted regarding any other matter properly coming before them, provided that such matter appears on the Agenda or is legally applicable, and a quorum for the General Shareholders' Meeting has been established with the presence of the required share capital.

2. The Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting shall be valid even if it has been called or is held beyond the applicable deadline.

3. Any General Shareholders' Meeting other than as provided for in the preceding paragraph shall be deemed an extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting and shall be held at any time of the year, provided that the Board of Directors deems it appropriate or when so requested in writing by the holders of at least 5% of the share capital, which request shall set forth the matters to be dealt with. In this instance, the General Shareholders' Meeting shall be called to be held within the period legally provided for. The Board of Directors shall prepare the Agenda, in which it shall include at least the matters set forth in the request.

4. All General Shareholders' Meetings, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, which have been duly called, shall be validly constituted with the minimum quorum required by law, taking into account the matters included in the Agenda.

Article 17.- Call to the General Shareholders' Meeting

1. The General Shareholders' Meeting shall be called with the minimum advance notice required by law, through a notice published, at least:

a) In the Official Bulletin of the Commercial Registry or in one of the more widely circulated newspapers in Spain.

b) On the website of the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores].

c) On the Company's corporate website.

The notice published on the Company's corporate website shall be continuously accessible at least until the date of the General Shareholders' Meeting. The Board of Directors may also publish notices in other media, if it deems it appropriate to ensure the public and effective dissemination of the call to meeting.

2. The call notice shall contain all the statements required by law in each case and, in any event, shall set forth the date, place and time of the meeting upon first call and all the matters to be dealt with thereat. The notice may also set forth the date on which the General Shareholders' Meeting shall, if applicable, be held upon second call.

3. General Shareholders' Meetings may not deliberate on or discuss matters that are not included in the Agenda.

4. At Ordinary General Shareholders' Meetings, shareholders representing at least 5% of the share capital may request the publication of a supplement to the call including one or more items in the Agenda, so long as such new items are accompanied by a rationale or, if applicable, by a well-founded proposal for a resolution.

5. In addition, shareholders representing at least 5% of the share capital may submit well-founded proposals for resolutions regarding items already included or that must be included in the Agenda for the General Shareholders' Meeting called.

6. The rights provided for in the two preceding paragraphs must be exercised by means of duly authenticated notice that must be received at the Company's registered office within five days of the publication of the call to meeting. The supplement to the call to meeting and the proposals for resolutions must be published or disseminated in compliance with the legal requirements and advance notice provided by law.

Article 18.- Place and time of holding the General Shareholders' Meeting

1. The General Shareholders' Meeting shall be held at the place set forth in the notice of the call to meeting, within the area where the Company has its registered office, on the date and at the time also set forth in such notice. However, when the Board of Directors deems it appropriate in order to facilitate the conduct of the meeting, it may resolve that the General Shareholders' Meeting be held in any other place within Spain by so providing in the call to meeting.

2. The shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting may, whenever there is good reason, resolve to extend the General Shareholders' Meeting for one or more consecutive days, at the proposal of the Chairman of the General Shareholders' Meeting or of shareholders representing at least a quarter of the share capital attending. Regardless of the number of sessions, it shall be deemed that the General Shareholders' Meeting is one single meeting, and a single set of Minutes shall be drawn up for all of the sessions. 3. The General Shareholders' Meeting may also be temporarily adjourned in the cases and manner provided for in the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting.

Article 19.- Right to attend

1. The right to attend General Shareholders' Meetings shall accrue to the holders of at least that number of shares representing a nominal value of 300 euros, provided that such shares are registered in their name in the corresponding book-entry registry five days in advance of the date on which the General Shareholders' Meeting is to be held, and provided also that they present evidence thereof with the appropriate attendance card or certificate issued by any of the entities participating in the institution that manages such book-entry registry or in any other manner permitted by law.

2. Holders of a lesser number of shares may grant a proxy in respect thereof to a shareholder having the right to attend, as well as group together with other shareholders in the same situation until reaching the required number of shares, following which a proxy must be granted by the shareholders so grouped together to one of such shareholders. The grouping must be carried out specifically for each General Shareholders' Meeting and be recorded in writing.

3. The Directors must attend General Shareholders' Meetings, except when unable to do so upon duly justified grounds. Non-attendance by any of them shall not affect the valid constitution of the General Shareholders' Meeting.

4. The General Shareholders' Meeting may also be attended by senior executive officers, technicians, experts and such other persons as may have a relationship with the Company in the opinion of the Chairman of the General Shareholders' Meeting. The Chairman of the General Shareholders' Meeting may also authorize the attendance of any other person that he sees fit, including media, analysts, etc., although the General Shareholders' Meeting may revoke such authority.

Article 20.- Right of representation

1. Every shareholder having the right to attend may be represented at the General Shareholders' Meeting by any other person, even if not a shareholder. For such purpose, the shareholder being represented shall comply with the requirements and formalities established under law. The proxy shall be granted in writing or electronically.

The Chairman of and the Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting shall have the widest powers allowed by law to recognize the validity of the document evidencing proxy representation; they shall only deem invalid those documents that lack the minimum indispensable requirements, and so long as the lack thereof cannot be cured.

2. A proxy shall be granted specifically for each General Shareholders' Meeting, unless the proxy-holder is the granting shareholder's spouse, ascendant or descendant, or holds a general power of attorney granted in a public instrument with powers to manage all of the assets held by the shareholder granting the proxy in Spain.

3. A proxy is always revocable. Attendance at the General Shareholders' Meeting by the shareholder granting the proxy, whether in person or through distance voting, entails the revocation of any proxy, whatever the date thereof. A proxy shall likewise be rendered void as a result of the disposition of shares of which the Company has notice.

Without prejudice to the provisions of Section 187 of the Companies Act, a proxy must be granted pursuant to the provisions of Section 184.2 of such Act.

4. When a proxy is granted by means of long-distance communication, it shall only be deemed valid if it is carried out by postal delivery or

correspondence or by electronic communication effected pursuant to the provisions of this section.

A proxy shall be granted by postal delivery or correspondence by sending or delivering to the Company the duly completed and signed attendance and proxy-granting card or other written instrument that, in the opinion of the Board of Directors expressed in a resolution adopted for such purpose, allows for due verification of the identity of the shareholder granting the proxy and that of the proxy-holder designated therein.

A proxy shall be granted by electronic communication with the Company by using an electronic signature or such other means as the Board of Directors deems adequate to guarantee the authenticity and identity of the shareholder exercising his right, accompanied by an electronic copy of the attendance and proxy-granting card, and describing in detail in the communication the representation granted and the identity of the shareholder granting the proxy.

5. In order to be valid, a proxy granted by either of the aforementioned means of long-distance communication must be received by the Company before midnight on the third day prior to the date set for the holding of the General Shareholders' Meeting upon first call. In the resolution providing for the call to the General Shareholders' Meeting in question, the Board of Directors may reduce such advance period and publish any such reduction in the same manner as the notice of the call to meeting.

6. Furthermore, the Board of Directors may elaborate upon the foregoing provisions governing proxy-granting by means of long-distance communication, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 5 of Article 25 below.

7. A proxy may include items that, even if not contained in the Agenda, may be dealt with by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting because it is so permitted by law.

Article 21.- Remote attendance by electronic or data transmission means

1. Remote attendance at the General Shareholders' Meeting by means of data transmission and simultaneously, and electronic voting from a distance during the holding thereof, may be admitted if so provided by the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting, subject to the requirements set forth therein.

2. In this case, the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting may grant the Board of Directors the power to determine in what instances, taking into account current techniques, the appropriate conditions of security and unambiguousness allow, with adequate guarantees, for remote attendance at the General Shareholders' Meeting by means of data transmission and simultaneously and electronic voting from a distance during the holding of the meeting. In addition, the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting may entrust the Board of Directors with the regulation, subject to the provisions of law, the By-Laws and the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting, of all the required procedural aspects, including, among other issues, how much in advance, at a minimum, the connection must be established for the shareholder to be deemed present, the procedure and applicable rules for the shareholders attending from a distance to be able to exercise their rights, the identification requirements to be satisfied by remote attendees and the impact thereof on the system for preparing the attendance rolls.

Article 22.- Shareholders' right to receive information

1. From the publication of the notice of the call to a General Shareholders' Meeting through the seventh day prior to it being held upon first call, any shareholder may submit a written request for such information or clarifications as it deems are required, or ask written questions it deems are pertinent, regarding the matters included in the call Agenda, or regarding information accessible to the public that the Company has provided to the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores] since the holding of the immediately prior General Shareholders' Meeting and regarding the auditor's report. 2. During the course of the General Shareholders' Meeting, the shareholders may verbally request such information or clarifications as they deem appropriate regarding the matters contained in the Agenda, or regarding the information accessible to the public that the Company has provided to the National Securities Market Commission since the holding of the last General Shareholders' Meeting, or regarding the auditor's report.

3. The Board of Directors must provide the information requested pursuant to the two preceding paragraphs, in the manner and by the deadlines provided by law, except in those cases in which it is legally inadmissible and, in particular, when, prior to specific questions being asked, the information requested has been clearly and directly made available to all shareholders in question-and-answer format on the Company's corporate website, or when, in the opinion of the Chairman, publication of the requested information may prejudice the corporate interests. This last exception shall not apply when the request is supported by shareholders representing at least one-fourth of the share capital.

4. In the case of the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting and in the other cases established by law, the call notice shall make the appropriate references regarding the right to examine at the registered office and obtain, immediately and without charge, the documents that are to be submitted to the General Shareholders' Meeting for approval and, if appropriate, such report or reports as may be determined by law.

Article 23.- Presiding committee of the General Shareholders' Meeting and preparation of the attendance roll

1. The Chairman of the Board of Directors or, in the absence thereof, a Vice Chairman of such Board of Directors, in such order as is applicable in the event that there are several of them, shall chair the General Shareholders' Meeting; in the event of vacancy, absence or sickness, they shall be replaced by the longest-serving Director, and in case of equal length of service, by the oldest. The Secretary of the Board of Directors or, in the absence thereof, a

Deputy Secretary, in such order as is applicable in the event that there are several of them, shall act as Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting, and in the absence of both, shall be held by the Director with the least amount of time as such, and in case of equal length of service, by the youngest.

2. The presiding committee [mesa] of the General Shareholders' Meeting shall be composed of the Chairman of the General Shareholders' Meeting, the Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting and the members of the Board of Directors who attend the meeting.

3. Once the presiding committee has been formed, and prior to beginning with the Agenda, an attendance roll shall be prepared by the Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting which sets forth the nature or representation of each attendee and the number of their own or other shareholders' shares present. At the end of the roll, there shall be a determination of the number of shareholders present in person -separately including those who voted from a distance - or by proxy, as well as the amount of capital they own, specifying the capital held by shareholders with the right to vote. If the attendance roll does not appear at the beginning of the Minutes of the General Shareholders' Meeting, it shall be attached thereto as an annex signed by the Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting with the approval of its Chairman. The attendance roll may also be made up of an index file or be prepared in electronic form. In such cases, the medium used shall be set forth in the Minutes themselves, and the sealed cover of the index file or electronic medium shall show the appropriate identification procedure signed by the Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting with the approval of its Chairman.

4. Once the attendance roll has been prepared, the Chairman of the General Shareholders' Meeting shall state whether or not the requirements for its valid constitution have been met. Any questions or claims arising with respect to these matters shall be resolved by the Secretary for the General Shareholders' Meeting. Immediately thereafter, if appropriate, the Chairman shall declare the General Shareholders' Meeting to be validly convened.

Article 24.- Deliberations and voting

1. The Chairman of the General Shareholders' Meeting shall: direct the meeting such that deliberations are carried out pursuant to the Agenda and shall resolve any questions that may arise in connection with the contents thereof; grant the floor, at the time he deems fit, to the shareholders who request it, with the power to take the floor away when he deems that a matter has been sufficiently debated, or that the progress of the meeting is being hindered, or that the matter in question is not included in the Agenda; indicate the time for voting on the resolutions and announce the results of the vote.

2. Proposed resolutions shall be voted in accordance with the voting calculation system established in the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting.

Article 25.- Casting of votes from a distance prior to the General Shareholders' Meeting

1. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 21, and therefore, independently of the possibility of remote attendance by electronic means, shareholders with the right to attend may cast their vote on the proposals relating to the items included in the Agenda for any General Shareholders' Meeting by postal delivery or correspondence or by electronic communication.

2. Votes by postal delivery or correspondence shall be cast by sending or delivering to the Company a writing in which the vote is recorded, accompanied by the duly signed attendance card issued by the entity in charge of the bookentry registry.

3. Votes by electronic communication with the Company shall be cast by using an electronic signature or such other means as the Board of Directors deems adequate to guarantee the authenticity and identity of the shareholder exercising his right, and accompanied by an electronic copy of the duly completed attendance and voting card.

4. In order to be deemed valid, votes cast by any of the means of longdistance communication mentioned in the preceding paragraphs must be received by the Company before midnight on the third day prior to the date set for the holding of the General Shareholders' Meeting upon first call. In the resolution providing for the call to the General Shareholders' Meeting in question, the Board of Directors may reduce such advance period and publish any such reduction in the same manner as the notice of the call to meeting.

5. The Board of Directors may elaborate on and supplement the distance voting and proxy-granting provisions set forth in these By-Laws and in the Regulations for the General Shareholders' Meeting of the Company by establishing such instructions, means, rules and procedures as it deems advisable in order to organize the casting of votes and the grant of proxies by means of long-distance communication.

In any event, the Board of Directors shall adopt the measures needed to avoid possible deception and to ensure that the person casting a vote or granting a proxy by postal or electronic communication has the right to do so pursuant to the provisions of Article 19 of the By-Laws. The implementing rules adopted by the Board of Directors under the provisions of this sub-section shall be published on the Company's corporate website.

6. Shareholders who cast their vote from a distance pursuant to this article and to the provisions made by the Board of Directors by way of further development thereof shall be deemed present for purposes of determining the establishment of a quorum for the General Shareholders' Meeting in question. Therefore, proxies granted prior to the casting of such vote shall be deemed revoked, and those granted thereafter shall be deemed not to have been given.

7. The vote cast by means of long-distance communication shall be rendered void by the attendance in person at the meeting of the shareholder casting the vote or by the disposition of shares of which the Company has notice.

Article 26.- Adoption of resolutions

1. The shareholders acting at a General Shareholders' Meeting shall adopt their resolutions with the majorities of votes required by law.

2. Each share whose holder is present at the General Shareholders' Meeting in person or by proxy shall give the right to one vote, except in the case of non-voting shares, subject to the provisions of law.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding section, no shareholder may cast a number of votes in excess of 10% of the total voting capital existing at any time, regardless of the number of shares held by such shareholder, all fully subject to the mandatory provisions of the law.

In determining the maximum number of votes that each shareholder may cast, only the shares held by the shareholder in question shall be computed, and those held by other shareholders that have granted their proxy to the firstmentioned shareholder shall not be computed, without prejudice to the application of the aforementioned limit of 10% to each of the shareholders that have granted a proxy.

The limitation established in this section shall also apply to the maximum number of votes that may be collectively or individually cast by two or more shareholder companies belonging to the same group of entities, as well as to the maximum number of votes that may be cast by an individual or corporate shareholder and the entity or entities that are shareholders themselves and which are directly or indirectly controlled by such individual or corporate shareholder.

For purposes of the provisions contained in the preceding paragraph, the provisions of Section 18 of the Companies Act shall apply in order to decide whether or not a group of entities exists and to examine the situations of control indicated above.

Notwithstanding the limitation established in this section, all shares present at the General Shareholders' Meeting shall be computed for purposes of determining the existence of a quorum in constituting it, provided, however, that the 10% limit on the number of votes shall apply to such shares at the time of voting.

Article 27.- Minutes of the General Shareholders' Meeting and documentation of resolutions

1. The deliberations and resolutions adopted by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting shall be recorded in Minutes containing at least all of the information required by law. Once the Minutes have been approved in the manner provided by law, they shall be written down or transcribed in the Minute Book and shall be signed by the Secretary, with the approval of the Chairman, or by the persons who have acted as such at the General Shareholders' Meeting.

2. The Minutes approved by any of the means provided for by law shall have binding force starting on the date of approval thereof.

3. The total or partial certificates that may be required as evidence of the resolutions approved at the General Shareholders' Meeting shall be issued and signed by the Secretary of the Board of Directors or, as the case may be, by one of its Deputy Secretaries, with the approval of the Chairman of the Board of Directors or, as the case may be, by one of its Vice Chairmen.

4. The Directors may require that a Notary attend the General Shareholders' Meeting and prepare the minutes thereof, and shall have a duty to do so when it is so requested by shareholders representing at least 1% of the share capital, five days in advance of the date set for the General Shareholders' Meeting. Notarial fees shall be borne by the Company. The notarized Minutes shall be deemed to be the Minutes of the General Shareholders' Meeting, shall not require the formality of approval, and shall have binding force as from the date of the closing thereof.

5. Any shareholder may obtain, at any time, certification of the resolutions and the Minutes of the General Shareholders' Meetings.

Section two

Board-level administration of the Company

Article 28.- Structure of board-level administration of the Company

1. The board-level administration of the Company is vested in the Board of Directors, the Chairman thereof, the Executive Commission, and one or more Chief Executive Officers, if any.

2. Each of these bodies shall have the powers set forth in these By-Laws and in the Regulations of the Board of Directors, without prejudice to the provisions of the law.

Article 29.- Composition and appointment of the Board of Directors

1. The Board of Directors shall be composed of a minimum of five members and a maximum of twenty, to be appointed at the General Shareholders' Meeting.

2. Directors shall serve in their position for a maximum period of five years. They may be re-elected one or more times to terms of the same maximum duration.

3. The Board of Directors shall have the power to fill, on an interim basis, any vacancies that may occur therein, by appointing, in such manner as is legally allowed, the persons who are to fill such vacancies until the holding of the next General Shareholders' Meeting.

Article 30.- Requirements for appointment as Director

1. No person may be appointed as Director unless they have held, for more than three years prior to their appointment, a number of shares of the Company representing a nominal value of at least 3,000 euros, and non-transferable while in office.

2. These requirements shall not apply to those persons who, at the time of their appointment, are related to the Company under an employment or professional relationship, or when the Board of Directors resolves to waive such requirements with the favorable vote of at least 85% of its members.

3. The position of Director of the Company may only be held by persons of legal age who are not affected by any of the prohibitions or circumstances of incompatibility provided for in the law.

Article 31.- Designation of positions

1. The Board of Directors shall elect from among its members a Chairman and one or more Vice Chairmen, who shall replace the Chairman by delegation of powers or in the event of absence or sickness thereof and, in general, in all such cases, in the performance of such duties or in the exercise of such powers as the Board of Directors or the Chairman deems fit.

2. The Board of Directors may delegate such duties as it deems appropriate to one or more Directors pursuant to the law.

3. Furthermore, the Board of Directors shall elect the persons who are to hold such management positions in the Company as it deems necessary for the operation thereof, as well as a Secretary and as many Deputy Secretaries as it deems are needed.

4. In order for a Director to be appointed Chairman, Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer or member of the Executive Commission, it shall be necessary for such Director to have served on the Board for at least three years immediately prior to any such appointment. However, such length of service shall not be required if the appointment is made with the favorable vote of at least 85% of the members of the Board of Directors.

Article 32.- The Coordinating Independent Director

The Board of Directors at the proposal of the Appointments, Compensation and Corporate Governance Committee, shall appoint one of the Independent Directors as "Coordinating Independent Director" (i.e. "Lead Director"), who shall discharge the following duties and tasks:

a) Coordinate the work of the External Directors that the Company has appointed, in defense of the interests of all the shareholders of the Company, and echo the concerns of such Directors.

b) Request the Chairman of the Board of Directors to call meetings of the Board where appropriate in accordance with the rules of corporate governance.

c) Request, consequently, the inclusion of certain matters in the agenda of the meetings of the Board of Directors.

d) Oversee the evaluation by the Board of Directors of the Chairman thereof.

Article 33.- Conflict of interest of the Directors

1. The Directors shall notify the Board of Directors of any situation of direct or indirect conflict with the interest of the Company that may affect them. The Director involved shall abstain from voting on resolutions or decisions relating to the transaction affected by the conflict. Directors shall also provide notice, both regarding themselves and persons related thereto, of (a) direct or indirect interests held by them, and (b) positions they hold or duties they perform at any company effectively in competition with the Company. Conflict of interest situations shall be included in the annual report.

2. Directors may not carry out, on their own behalf or on behalf of others, activities that may entail effective competition with the Company, except with the express authorization of the Company by means of a resolution of the shareholders at a General Shareholders' Meeting, for which purpose they shall provide the notice set forth in paragraph 1 of this article. For the purposes of this paragraph and the previous one, the following shall not be deemed to be in a situation of effective competition with the Company: (i) companies controlled by the Company (within the meaning of Article 42 of the Commercial Code) and (ii) companies with which the Company maintains a strategic alliance, even if they have the same or a similar or complementary corporate purpose. Neither shall proprietary Directors of competitor companies appointed at the request of the Company or as a result of the equity interest held by the Company in such competitor companies be deemed to be in breach of the prohibition on competition.

Article 34.- Meetings, quorum and adoption of resolutions by the Board of Directors

1. The Board of Directors shall regularly meet once a month, following a call to meeting.

2. The Board of Directors shall meet at the principal office or at the place or places designated by the Chairman.

3. The Board of Directors shall hold extraordinary meetings when so resolved by the Chairman or the person who serves as such. The Chairman shall be required to call a meeting of the Board of Directors when so requested by at least three Directors. A meeting of the Board of Directors may also be called by at least one-third of the members thereof, who shall set forth the agenda for the meeting, if a prior request to that effect has been submitted to the Chairman and the latter has failed, without good reason, to call a meeting within a term of one month.

4. All Directors who are absent may grant a proxy in writing to another Director who is in attendance, with the right to speak and to vote, at the meeting or session to which the proxy refers. The Director granting the proxy shall endeavor, to the extent possible, to include voting instructions in the proxy document. 5. A meeting of the Board of Directors may be held in several rooms simultaneously so long as real-time interactivity or intercommunication among them is ensured by audiovisual means or by telephone, such that the unity of the act is also ensured.

6. The Board of Directors shall endeavor, to the extent possible, that absences from its meetings are kept to an absolute minimum. In the event that any of the Directors whose usual place of residence is in Madrid fails to attend four consecutive meetings without providing sufficient reasons for his absence, the Board of Directors shall have the power to declare his removal from office and to appoint the person that will replace him on an interim basis until such appointment is submitted for ratification by the shareholders at the next General Shareholders' Meeting.

7. In order for resolutions of the Board of Directors to be valid, more than one-half of its members in office must be in attendance, in person or by proxy.

8. Resolutions shall in all cases be adopted by an absolute majority of votes cast by the Directors present at the meeting in person or by proxy, except in those instances in which the law requires the favorable vote of a greater number of Directors for the validity of specific resolutions.

9. Voting in writing and without a meeting shall be admitted when no Director opposes the use of this procedure.

10. The deliberations and resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be recorded in minutes signed by the Secretary and approved by the Chairman or by the persons who have acted as such at the meeting in question. The minutes shall be written down or transcribed in a Minute Book, which may be kept separately from the Minute Book used for the General Shareholders' Meeting. In the event of voting in writing and without a meeting, the resolutions adopted and the votes cast in writing shall also be recorded in the Minute Book.

Article 35.- Compensation

1. Directors' compensation shall consist of a fixed and specific monthly remuneration and of fees for attending meetings of the Board of Directors and the executive and advisory Committees thereof. The compensation amount that the Company may pay to all of its Directors as remuneration and attendance fees shall be fixed by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting, which amount shall remain unchanged until and unless the shareholders decide to modify it. The Board of Directors shall determine the exact amount to be paid within such limit and the distribution thereof among the Directors.

2. In addition, independently of the compensation established in the preceding paragraph, provision is hereby made for the establishment of Director compensation systems that are linked to the listing price of the shares or that entail the delivery of shares or of stock options. The application of such compensation systems must be approved by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting, who shall determine the value of the shares to be taken as a reference, the number of shares to be delivered to each Director, the exercise price of stock options, the duration of such compensation system and other conditions they deem appropriate.

3. The compensation provided for in the preceding paragraphs, deriving from membership on the Board of Directors, shall be compatible with other professional or employment compensation accruing to the Directors by reason of any executive or advisory duties that they perform for the Company -other than the supervision and collective decision-making duties inherent in their capacity as Directors-, which shall be subject to the legal provisions applicable thereto.

4. In order to give due transparency to the compensation payable to Directors in their capacity as such, the notes to the financial statements shall set forth the compensation corresponding to each position or office on the Board of Directors and the Committees thereof (Chairman, Vice Chairman, Member). The compensation payable to executive Directors for reasons other than those provided for in paragraph 1 of this article shall be reflected as an aggregate figure, but shall include a breakdown of the different compensation items.

Article 36.- Representation of the Company

1. Representation of the Company both in and out of court shall be the purview of the Board of Directors, its Chairman, the Executive Commission, and the Chief Executive Officers.

2. The Board of Directors and the Executive Commission shall have the power to represent the Company by acting collectively. The resolutions of the Board of Directors or of the Executive Commission shall be carried out by its Chairman, the Vice Chairman, the Director, if any, designated in the resolution, or the Secretary, any of whom may act individually.

3. The Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officers shall have the power to represent the Company by acting individually.

Article 37.- Powers of the Board of Directors

1. Pursuant to the provisions of law and these By-Laws, the Board of Directors is the highest body entrusted with the administration and representation of the Company, and therefore has the power to carry out, within the scope of the corporate purpose defined in these By-Laws, any acts or legal transactions by way of administration or disposition, upon any legal title, except for those which fall within the scope of the powers exclusively granted by law or these By-Laws to the General Shareholders' Meeting.

2. The Board of Directors sitting as a full body shall approve the general policies and strategies of the Company, under such terms as are set forth in the Regulations of the Board of Directors.

Article 38.- Executive Commission

1. The Board of Directors may, subject to applicable legal provisions, delegate its powers and authority to an Executive Commission, consisting of

between three and ten Directors, which shall be created or dissolved at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

2. Once appointed, the Executive Commission shall establish regulations to govern its activities and shall meet on the dates and under the conditions that the Executive Commission itself determines. The Chairman and Vice Chairmen, if any, and the Secretary and Deputy Secretaries, if any, of the Executive Commission shall be the persons who serve as such on the Board of Directors.

3. Any vacancies that occur within the Executive Commission shall be filled on a final basis by the Board of Directors and on an interim basis by the Executive Commission itself until the Board of Directors holds a valid meeting under these By-Laws.

4. The provisions set forth with respect to the Board of Directors from paragraphs 4 to 10, both inclusive, of Article 34 of these By-Laws shall likewise apply, to the extent appropriate, to the Executive Commission.

Article 39.- Audit and Control Committee

1. An Audit and Control Committee shall be created within the Board of Directors, which shall be composed of such number of Directors as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time, although in no case may there be fewer than three Directors, to be appointed by the Board of Directors. All of the members of such Committee shall be external or non-executive Directors. At least one of them shall be an independent Director, who shall be appointed taking into account his knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing or both.

2. The Chairman of the Audit and Control Committee, which position shall be held by an independent Director in all cases, shall be appointed by the Committee itself from among its members and shall hold office for four years, and may be re-elected after the passage of one year from ceasing to act as such. 3. The Audit and Control Committee shall have the following powers, at a minimum:

(i) To report, through its Chairman, to the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting regarding matters raised therein in connection with the matters for which it is responsible.

(ii) To propose to the Board of Directors, for subsequent submission to the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting, the appointment of the Auditor referred to in Section 264 of the Companies Act, as well as, if appropriate, the terms and conditions for hiring such Auditor, the scope of its professional duties and the revocation of its appointment or its re-appointment.

(iii) To supervise the effectiveness of the Company's internal control system, the internal audit and the risk management systems as well as to discuss with the Auditor the significant weaknesses in the internal control system detected during the audit.

(iv) To supervise the process of preparation and submission of regulated financial information.

(v) To establish and maintain appropriate relations with the Auditor in order to receive, for review by the Committee, information on all matters that could jeopardize the independence thereof, as well as any other matters relating to the audit procedure, and such other communications as may be provided for in auditing legislation and in technical auditing regulations. In any event, the Audit and Control Committee must receive annually written confirmation from the Auditor of its independence vis-á-vis the entity or entities directly or indirectly related thereto, as well as information regarding additional services of any kind provided to such entities by the Auditor, or by the persons or entities related thereto, pursuant to the legislation in force.

(vi) To issue on an annual basis, prior to the issuance of the audit report, a report stating an opinion regarding the independence of the Auditor. This report

must in all cases include an opinion on the provision of the additional services referred to in point (v) above.

(vii) Any other powers granted to it under the Regulations of the Board of Directors.

Article 40.- Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee

1. An Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee shall be created within the Board of Directors, which shall be composed of such number of Directors as may be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time, although in no case may there be fewer than three Directors, to be appointed by the Board of Directors. All of the members of such Committee must be external or non-executive Directors and the majority of them must be independent Directors.

2. The Chairman of the Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee, which position shall be held by an independent Director in all cases, shall be appointed by the Committee itself from among its members.

3. The Appointments, Compensation and Good Governance Committee shall be entrusted with general powers to propose and report on the compensation and appointments of, and the vacation of office by, Directors and senior executives, as well as any others entrusted to it by the Board of Directors.

Article 41.- The Chairman of the Board of Directors

1. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be deemed the Chairman of the Company and of all of the shareholder- and board-level decision-making bodies thereof. The Chairman has the power to implement the resolutions of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Commission, which bodies he permanently represents with the broadest powers, being authorized, in urgent cases, to adopt such measures as he deems advisable in furtherance of the interests of the Company.

2. In particular, the Chairman of the Board of Directors has the following powers:

(i) To represent the Company in its relationships with the Government, with the Spanish, foreign and supranational Administrative Services and Public Corporations and with all kinds of individuals and legal entities in furtherance of the corporate purpose and such other goals as are directly related thereto. In such capacity, he shall be the authorized signatory for the Company and shall approve such writings, reports and letters as he deems conducive to the achievement of such purpose.

(ii) To represent the Company in the execution of all kinds of acts or contracts, subject to the authorization or approval of the Board of Directors or of the Executive Commission, if applicable.

(iii) To represent the Company as plaintiff, defendant, joint litigant, criminal complainant or in any other capacity at all kinds of courts and tribunals and arbitration bodies and institutions, for which purpose he may authorize the granting of any appropriate powers of attorney to the court representatives, lawyers or agents who are to act on behalf of the Company.

(iv) To call and chair the Ordinary and Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meetings and the meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Commission and to direct the deliberations thereat, ensuring that the debate is conducted in an orderly fashion and that resolutions are properly recorded.

(v) To carry out, formalize and, if applicable, convert into a public instrument the resolutions adopted by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting, by the Board of Directors and by the Executive Commission within the scope of the special powers granted thereto in these By-Laws. (vi) To adopt, in such urgent cases that there is no time to hold a General Shareholders' Meeting or a meeting of the Board of Directors or of the Executive Commission, any measures that are indispensable to safeguard the corporate interests, with the duty to call forthwith a meeting of such corporate decision-making bodies in order to report to them for the purposes set forth in number 5 above.

(vii) To propose to the Board of Directors, or to the Executive Commission, if applicable, the organization of the services that are to be provided by the Company, in order for such services to be rendered as fully and adequately as possible, as well as the adoption of general or specific measures that he deems conducive to such end.

(viii) To develop initiatives in connection with the study, implementation or improvement of businesses included in those that the Company may carry out and submit such initiatives to the decision of the Board of Directors or of the Executive Commission, as the case may be.

(ix) To carry out, either directly or through his designees, the overall supervision of all services and divisions of the Company and propose, as a result, such measures as are indispensable to avoid defects, unnecessary expenses, and instances of abuse or damage.

(x) To authorize, either directly or through a designee to whom he delegates such power, the appointment of senior executive officers and employees, the compliance with which requirement shall be indispensable for them to take office and for remuneration to accrue in their favor.

(xi) To adopt such measures as he deems are required to keep order in the services and discipline among the employees, with the power to impose, if necessary, any indispensable sanctions authorized for such purpose by internal regulations.

Article 42.- The General Secretary

1. The General Secretary shall be responsible for the custody of the archives, the Minute Books and any documents, receipts and supporting records that may be of interest to the Company.

2. In addition, in his capacity as Secretary of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Commission, he shall draw up the Minutes of the General Shareholders' Meeting and of the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Commission, which shall be signed by him and approved by the Chairman. He shall also be responsible for issuing, subject to the legal requirements applicable to each case, the certifications of Minutes or of other documents that must be authorized in order to fulfill the corporate purposes or at the request of a party with a legitimate interest, as well as for converting the corporate resolutions into public instruments.

Section three

Reports on corporate governance and compensation

Article 43.- Annual corporate governance report

1. The Board of Directors shall approve each year a corporate governance report that shall explain in detail the structure of the Company's system of governance and its operation in practice. The annual corporate governance report shall contain the references provided for legally and such other references, if any, as the Board of Directors may see fit.

2. For the purposes of the annual corporate governance report, the classification of the Directors as executive, proprietary or independent shall be as determined by the law.

3. The annual corporate governance report shall be made available to the shareholders on the Company's corporate website by not later than the date of publication of the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting that is to resolve on the financial statements for the fiscal year to which the report refers.

4. The annual corporate governance report shall be notified to the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores] and published as a material event within four months following the end of the fiscal year to which it refers and, in any case, by not later than the date on which the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting is published.

Article 44.- Report on Directors' compensation

1. The Board of Directors shall approve each year a report on the compensation of the Directors. Such report shall contain complete, clear and understandable information on the Company's compensation policy approved by the Board of Directors for the year in progress, and on that envisaged for future years, if any, and shall include an overall summary of how the compensation policy was applied during the year, as well as details of the individual compensation accrued to each of the Directors.

2. The report on Directors' compensation shall be made available to the shareholders on the Company's corporate website by not later than the date of publication of the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting that is to resolve on the financial statements for the fiscal year to which the report refers, and shall be put to a vote by the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting on a consultative basis and as a separate item on the agenda.

3. The report on Directors' compensation shall be notified to the National Securities Market Commission [Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores] and published as a material event within four months following the end of the fiscal year to which it refers and, in any case, by not later than the date on which the call to the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting is published.

Title IV

Annual Financial Statements, Profits and Dividends

Article 45.- Fiscal year and submission of the annual financial statements

1. The fiscal year shall commence on January 1 and shall end on December 31 of each year.

2. Within three months following the end of the fiscal year, the Board of Directors shall prepare, in compliance with the provisions of law, the annual financial statements, the management report and the proposed allocation of profits/losses.

3. The annual financial statements and the management report shall be subject to verification as provided by law and thereafter submitted for approval by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting, who shall decide on the allocation of profits/losses.

4. The provisions of this article shall apply, to the extent appropriate and if at all, to the consolidated annual financial statements and the consolidated management report.

Article 46.- Allocation of profits/losses

1. The shareholders acting at the General Shareholders' Meeting shall decide on the allocation of the profits/losses for the fiscal year based on the approved balance sheet.

2. Once such payments as are provided for by law or these By-Laws have been made, dividends may only be distributed with a charge against the profits for the fiscal year or against unrestricted reserves, if the net book value of the shareholders' equity is not, or does not become as a result of the distribution, less than that of the share capital.

3. Dividends shall be distributed to ordinary shareholders in proportion to the capital paid by them.

4. The shareholders acting at the General Shareholders' Meeting may decide that dividends, or the share premium, be paid in kind, provided that the assets or securities to be distributed are homogeneous and liquid. The latter

requirement shall be deemed to be complied with when the securities are admitted to trading on an official market at the time the distribution resolution becomes effective, or will be so admitted within the following year, or when the Company provides adequate guarantees of liquidity. The rule set forth in this paragraph shall likewise apply to the return of contributions in the event of a reduction in share capital.

Title V

Dissolution and Liquidation

Article 47.- Grounds for dissolution

The Company shall be dissolved upon any of the grounds set forth in the law.

Article 48 Liquidation of the Company

1. The liquidation of the Company shall be carried out by the Board of Directors that is in office at the time of dissolution, so long as there is an odd number of Directors sitting on the Board of Directors. Otherwise, all of the members of the Board of Directors, except for the most recently appointed Director and, where there are several Directors who have that status, the youngest of them, shall act as Liquidators.

2. The liquidation of the Company shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the law."

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Madrid, April 24, 2013