

NOTA DE PRENSA PRESS RELEASE

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TELEFÓNICA'S NET INCOME INCREASED BY 10.6%, REACHING 926 MILLION EUROS IN THE FIRST QUARTER OF THE YEAR

The Company secures its technological leadership, grows in a consistent and profitable way and increases customer relevance

Financial Highlights:

- <u>Revenues accelerated their growth</u> and totalled 11,979M€, an organic increase of +3.8% (-1.7% vs 1Q18). All regions show organic growth.
- <u>OIBDA</u> reached 4,264M€ (+10.3% vs 1Q18; +1% organic). OIBDA margin stood at 35.6% and increases 3.9 p.p. vs March 2018 (-0.9 p.p. organic).
- <u>Telefónica tripled y-o-y cash generation</u> in the first quarter, up to 1,408M€.
- Net debt decreased for the 8th consecutive quarter up to 40.377M € ex leases. Including post-closing events debt stood at around 38.7bn€.
- <u>Telefónica reiterates its guidance and dividend</u> announced for 2019. Net income per share grows 33.8% in the quarter (€ 0.16).
- The company <u>confirms its leadership in fiber</u>, with a 63% penetration and close to 52 million premises passed with its own FTTx/Cable network.

José María Álvarez-Pallete, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer:

"We have started the year by extending our leadership in fibre and 4G deployment, testing new 5G capabilities and making progress in the UNICA virtualisation programme, allowing us to continue gaining customer relevance through better experience and higher average lifetime.

The first quarter results showed a significant improvement in revenue growth trends and double-digit growth in net income and earnings per share. Strong cash generation, which was three times higher than the figure reported in the first quarter of the previous year, allowed for an acceleration in debt reduction, for the 8th consecutive quarter, further strengthening our balance sheet.

As a result, we reiterate the dividend and guidance announced for 2019".



Financial Results January-March 2019:

Telefónica today presented its financial results for the first quarter of 2019, showing an improvement in its growth trend, both in terms of revenue, net income and earnings per share. In addition, free cash flow has multiplied by 2.6 times compared to the first quarter of 2018, which allows accelerating the reduction of debt (-693M \leq in the quarter, around \leq -1.7bn additionally, including events after 31 March).

- Million €	1Q19			
	Reported IFRS	Reported % у-о-у	Organic % γ-ο-y	
Revenues	11,979	(1.7)	3.8	
Service revenues	10,700	(3.1)	2.6	
OIBDA	4,264	10.3	1.0	
OIBDA margin	35.6%	3.9 p.p.	(0.9 p.p)	
OpCF (ex – spectrum)	2,710	14.2	(5.3)	
Net income	926	10.6		
EPS (€)	0.16	33.8		
FCF	1,408	2.6x		
Net Financial Debt (ex leases)	40,381	(5.7)		

Consistent and profitable growth

Telefónica Group's access base stood at 352.4m at March 2019, stable y-o-y excluding changes in the perimeter. The average revenue per customer accelerated in the quarter to +4.2% y-o-y in organic terms (+3.8% in the previous quarter) while churn remained stable thanks to the strategic focus on high-value customers, which continued posting solid growth.

	352.4M accesses	
Millions	Accesses	% у-о-у
LTE	121,5	+18%
Mobile contract	124,8	+6%
Smartphones	166,2	+3%
FTTx/Cable	13,6	+18%
Pay TV	8,8	+3%

<u>Revenues</u> (\in 11,979m in January-March) accelerated their y-o-y growth trend up to +3.8% organic (-1.7% reported), on the back of a significant improvement in service revenues (+2.6%) and handset sale (+15.6%).

The company further advanced in the transformation process of its revenues, focused on data monetization and digital services, with revenues from broadband connectivity together with services beyond connectivity achieving 56% over total revenues in the first quarter (+3 p.p. y-o-y).





<u>Operating expenses</u> (€8,114m in January-March) decreased in the quarter by 4.9% y-o-y, affected by the application of the new standard IFRS 16 and FX evolution.

Reported variations of the consolidated financial statements for the first quarter 2019 **reflected the adoption of IFRS 16** since 1 January 2019 (the statements for January-March 2018 were reported according to IAS 17). The organic variation excluded the impact of the accounting change to IFRS 16 in the first quarter 2019 (+ \in 414m in OIBDA, - \in 384 in depreciation and amortisation, - \in 53m in net financial expenses and - \in 17m in profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent company). The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at 31 March 2019 included lease liabilities, including those held for sale, of \notin 7,439m.

On the other hand, exchange rate evolution negatively affected the Company's reported results mainly due to the depreciation of the Brazilian real and the Argentine peso against the euro. Foreign currencies reduced y-o-y revenues by 4.9 p.p. and OIBDA by 4.7 p.p. in the first quarter. However, the negative impact of the depreciation of currencies at the OIBDA level (- \in 180m in January-March) decreased significantly in terms of cash flow generation (- \notin 74m).

<u>OIBDA</u> (\notin 4,264m in January-March) increased by 10.3% y-o-y in the quarter (+1.0% organic) and was impacted by special factors amounting to + \notin 534m: i) adoption of reporting standard IFRS-16 (+ \notin 414m), ii) capital gains from the assignment of future rights linked to a portfolio of claims (+ \notin 103m), iii) net capital gains on sale of companies (+ \notin 86m, mainly Antares), iv) restructuring costs (- \notin 47m) and v) hyperinflation adjustment in Argentina (- \notin 22m). Excluding these impacts, underlying OIBDA stood at \notin 3,730m in the quarter (-3.9% y-o-y).

<u>OIBDA margin</u> stood at 35.6% in the quarter, expanding 3.9 p.p. y-o-y (-0.9 p.p. in organic terms).

Thus, the net profit in the first quarter reached \notin 926m, with a 10.6% y-o-y increase. <u>Basic earnings per share</u> amounted to \notin 0.16 in the quarter and increased by 33.8%

<u>CapEx</u> reached €1,554m in January-March (+4.3% y-o-y) and included €18m from the spectrum in T. Centroamérica. In organic terms, CapEx increased by 11.2%, affected by different calendar of execution, and continued to focus on accelerating excellent connectivity (deployment of UBB networks, increased network capacity and virtualisation) and improving quality and customer experience (implementation of AI in the Company's technology platforms).

<u>Operating cash flow</u> (OIBDA-CapEx) totalled €2,710m in January-March, increasing by 14.2% y-o-y (-5.3% organic, affected by a different calendar of CapEx execution).



Thus, free cash flow excluding the principal payments of lease liabilities reached $\leq 1,908$ m in January-March 2019. However, when including these payments (- ≤ 500 m), <u>free cash flow</u> totalled $\leq 1,408$ m in January-March 2019, increasing by 2.6x y-o-y.

Definitions:

Organic growth: Assumes average constant foreign exchange rates of 2018, except for Venezuela (2018 and 2019 results converted at the closing synthetic exchange rate for each period) and excludes the hyperinflation adjustment in Argentina. Considers a constant perimeter of consolidation. Excludes the effect of the accounting change to IFRS 16, write-downs, capital gains/losses from the sale of companies, restructuring costs and material non-recurring impacts. CapEx excludes spectrum investments.

<u>Underlying growth</u>: Reported figures excluding the effect of the accounting change to IFRS 16, write-downs, capital gains/losses from the sale of companies, restructuring costs, material non-recurring impacts and depreciation and amortisation charges from purchase price allocation processes. Excludes the hyperinflation adjustment in Argentina.

TELEFÓNICA

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT Unaudited figures (Euros in millions)

	January - March		% Chg	
	2019	2018	Reported	Organic
Revenues	11,979	12,190	(1.7)	3.8
Internal exp. capitalised in fixed assets	209	193	8.0	11.4
Operating expenses	(8,114)	(8,533)	(4.9)	5.4
Supplies	(3,273)	(3,317)	(1.3)	7.3
Personnel expenses	(1,506)	(1,570)	(4.1)	5.4
Other operating expenses	(3,335)	(3,647)	(8.5)	3.7
Other net income (expense)	72	5	n.m.	(22.2)
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets	118	12	n.m.	150.4
Impairment of goodwill and other assets	(0)	(2)	(82.4)	(82.1)
Underlying operating income before D&A (OIBDA)	3,730	3,882	(3.9)	
Operating income before D&A (OIBDA)	4,264	3,864	10.3	1.0
OIBDA Margin	35.6%	31.7%	3.9 p.p.	(0.9 p.p.)
Depreciation and amortization	(2,614)	(2,227)	17.4	1.9
Operating income (OI)	1,650	1,638	0.7	(0.1)
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for by the equity method	4	2	56.7	
Net financial income (expense)	(411)	(381)	7.7	
Profit before taxes	1,243	1,259	(1.3)	
Corporate income tax	(234)	(359)	(34.8)	
Profit for the period	1,009	900	12.1	
Attributable to equity holders of the Parent	926	837	10.6	
Attributable to non-controlling interests	83	64	30.8	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period (millions)	5,127	5,127	0.0	
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Parent (euros)	0.16	0.12	33.8	
Underlying basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Parent (euros)	0.18	0.17	2.6	

Notes:

- Group consolidated results deconsolidate Telefónica Guatemala's results since 1 January 2019 and Antares' results since 1 February 2019.

- January-March 2019 results reported under accounting standards IFRS 16, effective since January 2019. January-March 2018 results reported under prior accounting IAS 17.

- Following the consideration of the Argentine economy as hyperinflationary from an accounting perspective for periods ended after 1 July 2018, the operations of Telefónica in Argentina adjusted by inflation are to be accounted at the closing exchange rate Argentine Peso/Euro.

After considering Venezuela as a hyperinflationary country, P&L and CapEx from the operations in the country are to be accounted at the closing exchange rate Bolivar Soberano/Euro. As of the closing of March 2019 Telefónica uses a synthetic exchange rate of 62,064.7 Venezuelan bolivars soberanos per dollar. For the January-March 2018 period the synthetic exchange used is based on the Bolivar Fuerte.
Basic and diluted earnings per share ratio is calculated dividing Profit for the period Attributable to equity holders of the Parent, adjusted for the net coupon corresponding to "Other equity instruments" (€89m in January-March 2019 and €211m in January-March 2018), by the

weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.



Net debt decrease by the 8th consecutive quarter

<u>Net financial debt</u> at March 2019 (€40,381m) decreased by €693m vs. December 2018 thanks to free cash flow generation (€1,408m) and net financial divestments mainly from the sale of Antares and T. Guatemala (€139m). In contrast, the factors that increased debt were: i) shareholder remuneration (€46m, including the replacement of capital instruments and coupon payments), and ii) labour-related commitments (€239m) and other factors for a net amount of €570m.

Including post-closing events, net financial debt would decrease further by approximately €1.7bn. Following the adoption of IFRS 16, lease liabilities, including those held for sale, amounted to 7,439M€. Net financial debt including lease liabilities amounted to €47,820m.

In January-March 2019, the <u>financing activity</u> of Telefónica amounted to approximately €4,437m equivalent (without considering the refinancing of commercial paper and short-term bank loans) and focused on maintaining a solid liquidity position and refinancing and extending debt maturities (in an environment of low interest rates). Therefore, as of the end of March, the Group hedged the debt maturity for the next two years. The average debt life stood at 10.2 years (vs. 9.0 years in December 2018).

Excellent connectivity

The key to being relevant entails excellent connectivity based on <u>network transformation, simplification</u> and the application of Artificial Intelligence to the Company's technology platforms.

The industrialisation of the fibre deployment and connection process is a clear competitive advantage in both Spain and Latin America. The Group's FTTx/cable coverage reached 84.9m premises passed (51.8m in own network; +13% y-o-y; 21.8m FTTH in Spain, 20.0m in Brazil and 10.0m FTTx/cable in Hispam (+34% y-o-y)); and connected retail fibre accesses grew to 13.6m (+18% y-o-y). These ultrafast broadband accesses account for 63% of fixed broadband base (+9 p.p. y-o-y). In Spain, there are also 1.7m wholesale fibre accesses (x2 y-o-y) fostered by agreements with the main market operators. In LTE coverage reached 78% (+5 p.p. y-o-y; 95% in Europe and 72% in Latin America) and traffic accounted for 71% of the total.

Results by geographies: (y-o-y changes in organic terms)

Telefónica España: sustained revenue growth and improved revenue and OIBDA growth. Telefónica España 2019 first quarter results show improved y-o-y performance versus the previous quarter in both service revenues (+0.8% y-o-y; +0.3 p.p. q-o-q) and OIBDA (+3.0 p.p. q-o-q), reflecting the differentiated value-oriented service proposition as well as efficient cost management. Service revenues grew for the seventh straight quarter, most noteworthy being wholesale and other revenues return to growth (+0.2%, +7.3 p.p. q-o-q) after a significant reduction of the dragging impacts seen during 2018.

		Telefónica España 1Q 19		
Millions €		Reported % y-o-y	Organic % y-o-y	
Revenues	3,108	0.3	0.3	
OIBDA	1,350	10.3	(1.4)	
OIBDA margin	43.4%	3.9 p.p.	(0.7 p.p.)	
CapEx	377	9	9.2	
OpCF (ex - spectrum)	973	10.8	(5.6)	



Revenues in the quarter stood at \leq 3,108m, +0.3% y-o-y, in line with the previous quarter, thanks to the accelerated growth of service revenues (\leq 3,033m; +0.8%; +0.3 p.p. q-o-q) and despite lower handset sales (-17.1% y-o-y).

OIBDA in January-March stood at $\leq 1,350$ m (+10.3% reported), though it is affected by some factors eliminated from the organic variation: i) capital gains from the assignment of future rights linked to a portfolio of claims (+ ≤ 103 m); ii) provision for the restructuring of channels (- ≤ 23 m) and iii) changes related to the adoption of IFRS 16 (+ ≤ 64 m). In organic terms, OIBDA decreased 1.4% y-o-y, with a sequential improvement of 3.0 p.p., explained by the significant reduction of the dragging impacts on wholesale revenues and motor content cost.

CapEx in the quarter (€377m) rose 9.2% y-o-y due to seasonal effects, setting operating cash flow at €973m.

Telefónica Deutschland: strong trading performance. Telefónica Deutschland posted a strong commercial quarter. The Company has launched further value-added initiatives to enhance its ARPU-up and churn-down strategy. This includes O2 TV (from 2 May), O2 Cloud (from 8 April) and O2 VDSL (from 7 March). The O2 Free portfolio continues to drive usage and ARPU growth leveraging the improved network of the Company.

		Telefónica Deutschland 1Q 19		
Millions €		Reported % y-o-y	Organic % y-o-y	
Revenues	1,779	0.7	0.7	
OIBDA	522	29.5	(0.2)	
OIBDA margin	29.4	6.5 p.p.	(0.2 p.p.)	
CapEx	252	28.3	28.3	
OpCF (ex – spectrum)	270	30.7	(25.6)	

Revenues came in at €1,779m in Q1 19, +0.7% y-o-y supported by another quarter of strong consumer demand for handsets. OIBDA reached €522m in Q1 19, having a positive impact of €129m after the implementation of IFRS16 accounting change. OIBDA is down -0.2% y-o-y mainly due to regulatory headwinds, some upfront investments into the digital transformation program and some commercial investments. OIBDA margin decreased in Q1 19 by -0.2 p.p. y-o-y.

CapEx saw a strong increase (+28.3% y-o-y) and reached €252m in Q1 19, mainly due to front-loaded LTE roll-out, a trend expected to normalise over the full year. As such, operating cash flow (OIBDA-CapEx) stood at €270m in the period January to March 2019.

Telefónica Reino Unido: leading as UK's favourite mobile network. Telefónica UK posted another good set of results in the first quarter, delivering growth in its main financials and overall customer base supported by the continued popularity of propositions such as "Custom Plans". In addition, the Company continued to be the UK's favourite mobile network with sector leading postpay churn at 0.9% and being recognised as "Best Network Performance" at Mobile News Awards and "Best Sponsorship of the last 25 years" for "The O2" at the UK Sponsorship Awards in March.

Revenues maintained a strong level of growth of 5.3% y-o-y to €1,691m mainly driven by the continued success of flexible tariff offerings such as "Custom Plans", higher value handset sales, as well as ongoing growth in Smart Metering Implementation Programme (SMIP), MVNO and Business ICT. OIBDA totalled €504m in the quarter with the IFRS 16 accounting change having a positive impact of €55m. OIBDA growth



of 3.4% y-o-y was mainly driven by ongoing healthy top-line performance which more than offset higher operating expenses. OIBDA margin decreased by -0.5 p.p. y-o-y.

		Telefónica UK 1Q 19		
Millions €		Reported %γ-o-y	Organic % y-o-y	
Revenues	1,691	6.6	5.3	
OIBDA	504	17.3	3.4	
OIBDA margin	29.8	2.7 p.p.	(0.5 p.p.)	
CapEx	185	1.4	0.2	
OpCF (ex – spectrum)	319	29.0	5.8	

CapEx in the quarter amounted to ≤ 185 m, broadly stable y-o-y and reflects continuing investment in network capacity and customer experience. Operating cash flow (OIBDA-CapEx) reached ≤ 319 m in the first quarter and improved by 5.8% y-o-y.

Telefónica Brasil: delivering profitable value growth. First quarter results show revenue growth accelerating confirming the change in trend initiated in the prior quarter, mainly on improved mobile revenues thanks to the focus on high-value customers.

		Telefónica Brasil 1Q 19		
Millions €		Reported % y-o-y	Organic % y-o-y	
Revenues	2,563	(5.2)	1.7	
OIBDA	1,050	6.9	3.1	
OIBDA margin	40,9	4.6 p.p.	0.5 p.p.	
CapEx	396	2.1	9.6	
OpCF (ex – spectrum)	654	10.0	(1.2)	

<u>Revenues</u> in the quarter ($\leq 2,563$) accelerated its y-o-y growth to +1.7% y-o-y despite the impact of the regulation, which reduced annual growth by 1.3 p.p. Thus, OIBDA reached $\leq 1,050m$ ($\leq 107m$ positive impact from IFRS 16 adoption) and rose 3.1% in the quarter. OIBDA margin stood at 40.9% (+0.5 p.p. y-o-y)

<u>CapEx</u> in the first quarter increased to \leq 396m (+9.6% y-o-y), allocated to FTTH deployment (9 new cities deployed in the first quarter) and to the expansion of 4G network to 3,138 cities (88% of the population; +3 p.p. y-o-y). Therefore, Operating cash flow stood at \leq 654m in the first quarter, remaining virtually stable (-1.2%) despite the higher investment level.

Telefónica Hispam Sur: better revenues trends. Revenues in Q1 increased to $\leq 1,612m$, +15.2% y-o-y, accelerating from +11.1% in Q4 18, despite a stronger regulatory impact. OIBDA grew 7.0% y-o-y in the quarter (+7.4% in Q4) to $\leq 441m$ ($\leq 40m$ positive impact on IFRS 16 adoption). Argentina decelerated its growth due to salary updates in the quarter, while Peru improved its y-o-y trend resulting from higher service revenues and lower subsidies. OIBDA margin stood at 27.4% y-o-y (-2.0 p.p.).



		Telefónica Hispam Sur 1Q 19	
Millions €		Reported % y-o-y	Organic % y-o-y
Revenues	1,612	(12.1)	15.2
OIBDA	441	(14.6)	7
OIBDA margin	27.4%	(0.8 p.p.)	(2 p.p.)
CapEx	243	(3.4)	33.8
OpCF (ex – spectrum)	199	(25.2)	(17.1)

CapEx was €243m in the first quarter (+33.8% y-o-y, primarily as execution calendar was anticipated vs. the previous year in Argentina in a context of favourable exchange rates), mainly allocated for 4G and FTTx and cable network deployment.

Telefónica Hispam Norte: accelerating revenue growth in Colombia & Centroamérica. Hispam Norte, revenues in the first quarter of 2019 returned to positive y-o-y growth driven by Colombia and Central America's growth, and the improvement seen in Mexico even despite the highly competitive intensity remained in the entire region. Likewise, commercial results (excluding Guatemala's accesses in 2018 that, after the closing of its sale in January 2019, are no longer included in the consolidation perimeter) continued to present a solid growth in value accesses (contract, LTE and FTTx).

		Telefónica Hispam Norte 1Q 19	
Millions €		Reported % y-o-y	Organic % y-o-y
Revenues	971	(0.0)	1.2
OIBDA	263	1.9	(14.9)
OIBDA margin	27.1%	0.5 p.p.	(4.3 p.p.)
СарЕх	78	46.8	16.6
OpCF (ex – spectrum)	185	(9.7)	(22.8)

Revenues (\notin 971m) increased 1.2% y-o-y in the quarter, mainly led by Colombia and Central America's growth acceleration together with Mexico's return to positive growth (for the first time in 5 quarters). OIBDA (\notin 263m, \notin 45m positive impact as a consequence of changes following IFRS 16 adoption) decreased 14.9% y-o-y in the quarter and OIBDA margin stood at 27.1% (-4.3 p.p. y-o-y), mainly affected by the spectrum commitments mentioned before and by the significant price drop in the Mexican market, partially offset by Colombia and Central America's growth.

CapEx (€78m; +16.6% y-o-y) was primarily allocated to LTE and fibre networks coverage. It should be noted that the y-o-y change for the quarter cannot be extrapolated to the full year, given the different execution levels of investment in both years. In the quarter €18m was registered for 30 MHz spectrum renew in the 1,900 MHz in El Salvador. The operating cash flow (OIBDA-CapEx) decreased 22.8% when compared to the first quarter of 2018.